



# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 15

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Mar. 19, 1931

No. 48

## "OUR SPECIAL DAYS"

In Future Will Be  
**FRIDAY and SATURDAY**

This Week Is Our First

## Red & White Anniversary

Come and take advantage of our

## 59 Cent Sale

The Best We Have Offered Yet

## Red & White Store

Owned and Operated by

## Acadia Produce Co.

C. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

## Spring Is Near

Look over the SEEDER and other  
**MACHINERY**

Order Your John Deere Parts  
Now

We can Weld the broken ones and save you money  
**GASOLINE, 3 Gallons \$1.00**

**COOLEY BROS.**  
Phone 10, Chinook

## Special 'CASH' Prices For Spring

Plow Harness, Less Collars . . . \$32.00  
Heavy Duck Collars . . . 250  
Rawhide Halters . . . 150  
Team Bridles, ring style, from \$2.75 to \$4.50 per pair  
Sweat Pads from 55c to 90c  
Men's Good Work Shoes, Panco Soles . . . \$2.95  
My stock is large, our prices low, we are prepared to meet competition, and we need your business  
Come In and See Our Priced Displays

## S. H. SMITH

### Mennonite Wedding

A Mennonite wedding was held in the United Church last Sunday at 1 p.m., when Helen Schmidt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tobias Schmidt was united in marriage to John Peters, son of Mr. and Mrs. Peters, all of Chinook. The bride wore a pretty cream silk dress with veil caught up with brides' blossom.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Wm. Martens, assisted by D. Schmidt, brother-in-law of the groom. The church was prettily decorated with wedding bells of evergreens and pink and white roses, also pink and white streamers. The church was filled. After the ceremony was performed about seventy guests drove to the home of the brides parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tobias Schmidt, where a fine wedding supper was served. Mr. and Mrs. Peters will reside on the P. Peyton farm, south of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Claus Hohlen, who have been spending the winter with relatives in different parts of the States, returned Saturday, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. M. Mulpert, of Hecla, S. Dakota.

### Collins Collections

Norman Priestly, vice-president of the U.F.A., will address a meeting in the Cloverleaf school on Monday, March 23, at 2 o'clock.

H. Dunster and family spent a very enjoyable afternoon and evening at the home of N. D. MacKinnon on Sunday.

Wm. Davis and family spent Sunday afternoon and evening at the home of N. D. Stewart.

John Knight moved his diseased car down to the hospital at J. Haggerty's farm, where it is undergoing very serious operations.

W. W. Wilson and family, also Miss G. Laidlaw, spent Sunday afternoon and evening at the home of Jas. Ferguson.

Brown and Wilson are progressing slowly with lessons on the guitar.

John Duncan received an addition of ten little pigs to his livestock family last week. The young ones are doing fine.

W. Shier is busy these days with his "Rumely Bum," grinding feed.

### Farmers' Unity League

Quite a few from the surrounding districts came to town Friday afternoon to hear Carl Axelsson, of Lingville, who was scheduled to speak in the school on the Farmers' Unity League of Canada. The school hall was fairly well filled and Mr. Axelsson received a tolerant hearing.

S. W. Warren called the meeting to order and it was moved and seconded that H. Dunster take chair. Mr. Dunster mounted the platform amidst jokes from the audience about being in the fore front for an egg barrage.

Mr. Axelsson, who speaks very fluently and forcibly, recalled to the memory of his audience that the last time he spoke in Chinook was seven years ago, when he was accompanied to the platform by J. P. Watson, now one of the Pool's Field Service men.

The speaker devoted quite a lot of his time to review work. He went back to the time when the farmer grew and manufactured at home his own clothing and shoes and most of his food, then traced it through the improvement of machinery to the time when these things could be purchased better than the home made variety.

Next we find the farmer getting a market for his produce and the cash as a medium of exchange for the manufactured articles. "That", the speaker said, "was the start of the distinction—the farmer as against the man who practises the gentle art of 'farming the farmer'".

Mr. Axelsson traced the progress of wheat during the war till 1918, when it reached the spectacular price of \$3.40 per bushel. He told of the setting up of the wheat board and of its sudden dissolution when peace was declared, the excuse being that it was a "war time measure." He spoke of the Wheat Pool and dwelt at some length on the present crisis.

Crises, he said, were periodic, they were mostly crises of scarcity, but the present crisis was one of superabundance. They mostly serve a good purpose, viz, that of shaking one loose from the old established things which were falling one, and of piloting one to a newer and better system.

Mr. Axelsson spoke very modestly in Chinook and made frequent joking remarks about the egg episodes which have garnished some of the rather hectic meetings. Very few questions were asked and not many of his remarks challenged. To one who jokingly asked if "eggs would go up in price," he answered in the same strain that he thought they would, as, according to the Edmonton Journal a new dish had arisen on the culinary horizon which was proving very popular, viz, "Axelsson's Omelette."

### Kinmundy

Mr. and Mrs. Strand and daughter Gladys were dinner guests at the H. R. King home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Butts and family and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Code, of Chinook, were Sunday callers at the Geo. Seeger home last Sunday.

Mrs. Gladys Kraske spent Sunday at the F. Youngren home.

A eard party and dance was held at Blood Indian last Friday. Born to Mr. and Mrs. D. Spreiter, at the Cerial hospital, a son, Mother and baby are fine.

Norman Priestly, vice president of the U.F.A., will address a public meeting on the Chinook school at 2 p.m. on Saturday.

### Father and Son Banquet

The Trail Rangers and Tuxis Boys' "Father and Son" Banquet was held in the dining room of the Acadia Hotel last Friday evening and was quite a successful affair. Rev. J. D. Woollatt occupied the chair.

Covers were laid for twenty five and all enjoyed the excellent repast that had been set out for the occasion.

Following is the programme: Toast to the King, proposed by Rev. Woollatt.

Toast to the Fathers, proposed by Ed. Bredin. Replied to by Messrs Rideout, Connell and Youell.

Opening ceremony of the Trail Rangers.

Short speech on "The Trail Ranger and his church," by Leonard Youell.

Talk on "The Boys' Parliament," by George Connell. Talked by Norman Jacques, Lorne and Chester Rideout and Billy Youell.

These talks were interspersed with songs and stories, and a happy evening was brought to a close with a short talk by the chairman.

### A Surprise Party

Tom McNutt, alias Betty Milligan, dressed in his Sunday go-to meeting suit, called at the home of Miss Rennie to take her to Joan Bayley's party last Saturday evening. On the way they stopped at Dawson's, where they met Jimmie Mackenzie, alias Bessie Munro, Billie Neil alias Eileen Bjork and McDinty McDugan alias Helen Dawson. Then taking Miss Rennie they all went to call on Miss Bowd, who was quite honored at having so many boys to call for her. They then proceeded to Miss Bayley's, where they gave her quite a surprise, as she expected only girls. As they reached the door Miss Murray entered and the ladies introduced their boy friends. An enjoyable time was spent by the girls and boys (?) playing court whist. Tom McNutt won first prize, which was a box of stationary, and Miss Rennie received the consolation. A delicious lunch was served, after which the boys escorted the girls home. One of the boys did not arrive home until two o'clock the next day, as he spent the night at Miss Rennie's home.

### Heathdale Happenings

About fifty of the Cloverleaf crowd attended the dance at the Rainbow hall last Friday evening, and all report a very good time.

C. Brown and family were guests Sunday at the home of L. Leftwich.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Wilson and family and J. Poockens and Vera were visitors Sunday at the J. Ferguson home.

Avis Leftwich entertained a few of her friends Monday evening at a birthday party, the occasion being her seventh anniversary.

L. Leftwich and family were supper guests Friday evening at the home of W. Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Allen visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Warren on Monday.

The next U.F.A. meeting will be held in Peyton school March 28th at 2:30. Lunch will be served.

Norman Priestly, vice president of the U.F.A., will speak at the Cloverleaf school on Monday, March 23, at 2 o'clock prompt.

## Weekly Specials

**Pork and Beans** 10c  
(Not more than 10 to a customer)

Chipso	23c
Fancy Sockeye Salmon, tails	35c
Coffee, Chase and Sanborn Best Bulk	60c
Orange Marmalade, per tin	50c
Swift's Silverleaf Lard, 5 lb. tin	65c
Macaroni, per package	7c
Sugar Krisp Corn Flakes	7c

(Not more than 5 to a customer)

Boys' School Shirts, (\$1.45. special one week only) 98c

**Lettuce, Celery, Ripe Tomatoes, Vegetables, New Gabbage**

## HURLEY'S

## Spring Is Coming

Now would be a good time to  
look over your Machinery  
and get your Repair  
Requirements

## Banner Hardware

## For the Choicest of Meats

Call and see us. Prime Beef, Pork, Veal and Mutton on hand at all times.  
Dill Pickles, Sauer Kraut, Fresh and Smoked Fish.

## CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

## Your Printing Supplies

This is the time of the year when you should get your Printing supplies for the season. We can supply you with all lines of Commercial Printing, such as Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Statements, Business Cards, or anything you may need.

Our prices are right and we guarantee satisfaction to our Customers.

## When You Advertise In The Advance

You do so with the knowledge that you are reaching the people over the whole District. Not in many years have prices been so low on a vast number of merchandise items as at present. Buyers are eager to buy when they find bargains and the seller who advertises these bargains captures the buyers.

## BUYERS READ The Chinook Advance

### Peyton Pickings

A large crowd from our surrounding districts attended the Rainbow dance last Friday night. The evening was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Pentland, from south of Youngstown, were dinner guests on Sunday at the home of

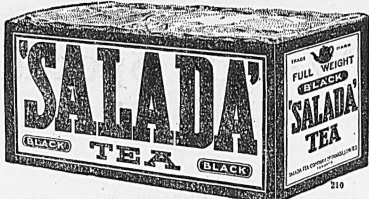
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nicholson, of Rearville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bjornrud visited at the Broston home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Rudy, of Youngstown, were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Kjemus on Sunday.

D. E. Holloway, field supervisor for the Soldier Settlement Board, was a visitor in Chinook Tuesday.

## It is wisest to buy fine quality tea



**Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb**  
**Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb**  
 'Fresh from the gardens'

### Reckless Motor Driving

With the approach of spring the time draws near when once again the roads and highways of the country will be thronged with tens of thousands of automobiles and the streets of our larger cities jammed with traffic. Soon tourists will again be in our midst, while week-end trips from our centres of population to summer resorts and other vacation spots will engage the attention of the residents of all urban and many rural sections.

Is the result to be the hanging up of another new high record number of fatalities arising out of automobile accidents? Is 1931 to provide another dark spot on our much vaunted civilization with as much recklessness in automobile driving and resultant deaths as were recorded in 1930? Are the more and better highways being provided all over the country to have the tragic outcome of steadily adding to the death toll because people using such better roads exercise less care in operating their cars?

Recent figures published for the city of Regina show a very large increase in the number of car accidents reported in 1930 as compared with previous years, and what is true of Regina is true of practically every city in Canada and the United States.

A United States magazine, in a recent issue, dealt with the rising death toll due to reckless automobile driving across the line. While these figures apply only to the United States, they disclose a state of affairs which is equally applicable to Canada. A few of the facts established may well be quoted.

Motor accidents in the United States, in 1930, killed 32,500 people, and injured more than 900,000—in other words, one million victims. More than 2,000 little children under five years of age were killed, and more than 45,000 were injured. The magazine notes that the World War did not take a greater toll of American lives in battle.

Remarkable as it may seem, this magazine considers that the most encouraging aspect of this appalling loss lies in the fact that recklessness was its principal cause, saying: "If carelessness and over-confidence kill and injure so many, carefulness and consideration can prevent such losses."

Evidence goes to show that the majority of accidents occurred on straight and dry roads, in broad daylight, with experienced and mature drivers at the wheel. In an overwhelming majority the machine functioned properly; the man was at fault. He took unjustifiable chances.

In a striking analysis of accident reports from forty States, a well-known insurance company dispels many cherished illusions on this subject. Contrary to a common impression, women were proved to be safer drivers than men. Young men at their best physical development were the worst offenders.

Improper driving and nothing else was responsible for more than two-thirds of all the deaths and injuries recorded in 1930. Speeding, driving on the wrong side of the road, and failure to grant right-of-way, all evidences of improper driving, accounted for 68 per cent. of the accidents.

Other violations of the laws as well as of common sense took a heavy toll. Failure to signal caused the deaths of 490 people, and accounted for the injuries of 48,928. More than 80,000 accidents resulted from motorists driving off the roadway. The biggest single cause of accidents was, however, the improper attempt to take the right-of-way from some other traveler—selfishness, might be said.

As might be expected, week-end driving is most hazardous. Sunday is the worst day by far, and Saturday is next.

There was a time when defective construction of cars, poor brakes, etc., were held responsible for most accidents. Today the fact has been well established that as drivers were not so good as the cars we drive, men have learned to operate ships at sea safely. The records of the railroads are marvellous. Where safety is the goal, airplanes have achieved miracles in protecting human life. In other words, we can operate high-powered, fast moving machines if we put our minds to it.

What we have to learn is that safety is more important than speed. Drivers must be made to realize that they are steering three or four thousand pounds of steel in swift momentum, the possible destructive power of which is enormous.

Safety is worth more than anything else. The maiming, and the killing, and the destruction of millions of property must be stopped and we, the average drivers, can do it. When you drive, remember, says this magazine writer, that a lot of idiots are on the road, and that you may have to protect yourself against both fools and road hogs, and occasional drunks, as well as against absent-minded pedestrians and heedless children. In such fashion you will at least have made your contribution to national safety and, incidentally, you will get more pleasure and more use out of your motor car.

**"Stop" Signals For Speakers**  
 Automatic signals of the type familiar to motorists were used to flash a warning to speakers talking more than their allotted time at the dinner given by the National "Safety First" Association in the Vintner's Hall, E.C., in honor of the Royal Commission on Transport.

## La Grippe and "Flu" are Spreading

"Flu" First Appears as a Sore Throat, but Gains Tremendous Headway in Six Hours

### AN EFFECTIVE TREATMENT DESCRIBED

Nearly every case of "Flu" starts with a simple cold. At first the throat is sore, often just a little hoarse—the infection goes lower—then the chest is affected. A safe plan is to gargle the throat three times daily with "Nerviline"—this will keep the throat free from germs. If there is any sign of tightness in the chest, rub on Nerviline—every drop penetrates deeply—congestion will be relieved—the cold will break up quickly. Many a dangerous case of "Flu" can be avoided by this simple home treatment.

Experienced mothers know how valuable Nerviline is for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, and the little ailments that arise in every family. Nerviline in most homes is called "Mother's Best Friend." 35c at all dealers.



### World's Leading Flyer

French Aviator Wins Award Holding Five World Records

Dieudonne Coste, Paris-to-New York flyer, has been designated the world's premier aviator by the awards committee of the International League of Aviators.

Mrs. Amy Johnson, who flew from London, England, to Australia, was given highest honors among women flyers. She and Coste were received at the Elysee Palace by President Doumergue and presented with silver cups at a formal ceremony.

Coste's only rival at the committee session was Wing Commander Charles Kingsford-Smith, the Australian "ace," and the Frenchman was chosen because he holds five world records in addition to the accomplishment of his Atlantic flight. The committee also ordered plaques to be struck to honor Mrs. Victor Bruce, Maryse Bastie and Mrs. Charles Lindbergh. Dr. Hugo Eckener was designated the world's premier dirigible pilot.

## Magnesia Best for Your Indigestion

Most people who suffer, either occasionally or chronically from gas, sourness and indigestion, have now discovered discreet diets, stomach tonics, medicines and artificial digestants, and instead, take a teaspoonful of four tablets of Bismarck Magnesia, after meals with the result that their stomachs no longer trouble them. They are as good as their diets and they enjoy much better health. Those who use Bismarck Magnesia, never dread the stomach trouble, meal time because they know this wonderful, anti-acid, food corrector, which can be obtained from any good drug store, will instantly neutralize the stomach acidity, sweeten the stomach, prevent food fermentation and cause digestion easy. Try this plan yourself, you are certain to get Bismarck Magnesia especially prepared for stomach use.

### Much Capital Invested

Biscuit, Confectionery, Chocolate and Cocoa Industries Have 281 Establishments

According to the latest figures—those covering the year 1929—issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, with reference to the biscuit, confectionery, chocolate and cocoa industries of Canada, the amount of capital invested that year was \$55,320,902; the number of persons employed, 12,073; salaries and wages amounted to \$12,765,876; cost of materials \$27,717,889, and value of products \$62,492,801. There are 281 establishments in all.

Miller's Worm Powders act so thoroughly that stomachic and intestinal worms pass from the child without being noticed and without inconvenience to the sufferer. They are painless and perfect in action, and at all times will be found a healthy means, strengthening the infantile stomach and maintaining it in vigorous operation, so that, besides being an effective vermifuge, they are tonic and health-giving in their effects.

### Hatchery Approval Policy

Big Saving To Canadian Farmers This Year Is Foreseen

A saving to Canadian farmers this year of \$800,000 is forecast for the hatchery approval policy of the Department of Agriculture, according to the Minister, Hon. Robert Weir. Under the scheme, 134 hatcheries are operated, producing about 5,000,000 baby chicks a year, which are available to farmers at low prices. Records show these chicks to have a low mortality rate.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

### To Speed Up Traffic

Horses Banned From London Street During Certain Hours

For the first time in the history of London, horse traffic is to be forbidden to one of the city's principal streets.

The ministry of transport has announced an experimental scheme operative during the coming spring by which Oxford Street, one of the great east and west thoroughfares, will be closed daily to all slow moving traffic, including horse-drawn vehicles, between noon and 7 p.m.

### More To The Point

Clerk—"When you leave, sir, don't forget the sign. 'Have you left anything?'"

Guest—"It should be changed to 'Have you anything left?'"

Physically "hardening" oneself by exercise and cold baths does not apparently protect against colds, is the statement of a professor of public health.

W. N. U. 1881



### Five Boys—

### Best Evidence.

Mrs. Corcoran, of Leigh, writes:—"I suffered with biliousness accompanied by sick headaches for days at a time, and every medicine I tried failed to bring relief. A friend gave me some of your wonderful Carter's Little Liver Pills and I find them three or four every week. I have great faith in them." Take Carter's Little Liver Pills. All druggists 25c and 75c per box.

## Atmosphere Of Earth Hundred Miles Deep

But Sun Has Atmosphere Depth Of 9,000 Miles

New discoveries about the sun's atmosphere have been disclosed to Dr. Albert Einstein at the Mount Wilson Solar Observatory, Pasadena, California, by Dr. Charles E. St. John, of the Carnegie Institution, of Washington. The sun's atmosphere is 9,000 miles deep, compared with the 100 mile depth of the earth's atmosphere. The outermost layer of the earth's atmosphere is composed of the lightest gases, helium and hydrogen. The sun's atmosphere is quite different, the outermost layer being of ionized calcium, forty times heavier than the layer of hydrogen 3,000 miles closer to the sun.

In the earth's atmosphere the first seven miles from the earth form a layer in which wind storms occur up to a velocity of 200 miles per hour. At 35 miles up, again, one of the constituents of the air—disappears. Farther up there is no more oxygen, and at 70 miles nitrogen disappears, leaving only helium and hydrogen for the last thirty miles.

### Highest Crane In World

Made In Glasgow, Lifts Stones 290 Feet In Air

If the world's highest crane had been made on the other side of the Atlantic the world would have known all the details long ago. But it has been constructed in modest Glasgow, with the result that the first intimation is that it has been erected on the site of the new cathedral in Liverpool. The crane, which can lift stones 290 feet in the air, weighs over 100 tons, and is carried on a concrete base 450 tons in weight. The base of the control cabin is 180 feet from the ground. The crane will be in its present position for about seven years, when it will be re-erected higher for the building of the cathedral's main spire. The crane was constructed by Butters Brothers and Co., Ltd., at their Kinning Park works—Glasgow Herald.

Drives Asthma Like Magic. The immediate help from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems like magic. Nevertheless it is only a natural remedy used in a natural way. The smoke or vapor, reaching the most remote passage of the affected tubes, brushes aside the trouble and opens a way for fresh air to enter. It is sold by dealers throughout the land.

### Advertising Educates

Advertising is essentially educational. It lifts men's mind out of rut. It creates a desire for fine things. It spurs ambition and generates energy. It has walked hand in hand with progress in our time, and even a step ahead.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is an excellent leg wash for stock. Also removes corns in horses and quickly relieves bruises, sprains, swellings and joint stiffness.

Nobody Wants War. Mussolini doesn't want war. Japan doesn't want war. France doesn't want war. The United States abhors war. It might be well to watch Switzerland.—Toledo Blade.

**for CUTS & SORES**  
 Apply Minard's freely. It will soothe pain and cleanse. Any wound healed quickly after its use.  
 25 There's nothing better!  
**MINARD'S**  
 "KING OF PAIN"  
**LINIMENT**

### Unusual Operation

Piece Of Dental Plate Is Removed From Lung Of Patient

A piece of dental plate, measuring 1½ inches by ½ inch and holding three teeth, was taken from the lung of Victor Brander, Cochrane lumber merchant, by Dr. S. B. McMillan, of the Lockwood Clinic in Toronto, after one of the most unusual operations in medical records.

Four months ago Brander was seized with a violent coughing spell, and, without knowing it, bit upon the metal dental plate. The broken portion passed down his throat and lodged in his lungs. The bronchoscope, instrument used for retrieving objects from the lungs, was used and it took more than two hours of very delicate manipulation by the doctor before he was successful.

### An Ever-Present Menace

Carbon Monoxide Gas Most Treacherous Because No Warning Given

A recent bulletin issued by the Roads Department of the Province of Quebec, contains an important reference to the danger created by the presence of carbon monoxide, a menace all the greater because it may extend even to an automobile in motion. The note is well worth careful perusal by all motor drivers. Carbon monoxide is a colorless, tasteless, practically odorless gas, and is without any irritant action on the mucosa of the respiratory tract. Because of these properties, it is impossible to detect it by any of the five senses. It is, therefore, a most treacherous gas, since it can be present in dangerous quantities without giving any warning whatever.

For Both House and Stable.—There is a good deal of similarity, physically speaking, between human beings and the lower animals. Both are subject to many ailments arising from inflammation and to all manner of cuts and bruises. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is an entirely reliable remedy for such ailments and mishaps in both human beings and the lower orders of animals.

### Came Back To Starting Point

Because the early Egyptian calendar allowed exactly 365 days to a year, a festival observed on a fixed date would occur one day earlier every four years, until in the course of 1,460 years it had been observed at every season and was back at the starting point.

A novel invention is a clock that closes a window at any set time thus giving a bedroom a chance to warm up before the sleeper arises.



## "Do Not Hesitate To Try It"

"Your Vegetable Compound is a good medicine. Anyone who is in poor health should not hesitate to try it. When I was taking the Vegetable Compound I tried the same Liver Pills I found in the package. I have taken them every night since and I can feel myself improving. I am so thankful for the good they do me that I have told several women about it." Mrs. G. W. Palfrey, 2633 Haron St., Stratford, Ontario.



### Life Insurance More Popular

People Taking Advantage Of Attractive Policies Offered

One of the outstanding developments in the recent financial history of the United States is the remarkable growth of life insurance. The application of the principle of group life insurance to institutions and industries has made life insurance available to large numbers of persons who have never before carried any form of life insurance. The individual amounts of insurance in these cases are usually small, ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000. But there has also been a marked increase in the number of large policies written. In 1923 there were 68 persons whose lives were insured for \$1,000,000 or more. In 1930 there were 323 persons carrying life insurance for that amount.—Wall Street Journal.

More than one out of every ten resignations from the sales force of a department store, are due to health conditions, according to a recent investigation.

## Felt Tired Out All Day

### Could Not Sleep at Night

Mrs. Adamant Lalonde, 2431 St. James St., Montreal, Que., writes:—"After a spell of the grippe I was left very nervous, and felt drowsy and tired out all day, and could not sleep at night. I was also troubled with my heart and did not feel at all like working. I was told about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking four boxes I was completely relieved of my trouble, and can recommend your Pills to everyone."

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

**MILBURN'S HEART & NERVE PILLS**  
 Price 50c a box

**Don't Let Foods Stale**  
 Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

**Appleford Paper Products**  
 LIMITED  
 HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives:  
**HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.**



## Greenhouse Grain At Ottawa Yields Two Crops A Year And Facilitates Research Work

About the end of April wheat harvesting will begin at the Canadian Government Experiment Station at Ottawa—in greenhouses.

Greenhouse grain is essentially a novelty in Canadian farming practice, but it is one of the most important and significant developments of recent years in connection with cereal research. The cereal greenhouses were built in order to complete two years' research work in one year. During the hours of darkness and on dull days a powerful electric lighting system supplies the light essential to quick growth.

"We are two years ahead in our work since the new greenhouse went into operation—in other words, we know as much now about the varieties we are developing at the present time as we would have known under the old system in 1933," said L. H. Newman, Dominion Cerealist.

Some idea of the practical value of cereal research work through the two-crop-a-year system now possible is afforded by a contrast with what is now possible and the history of Marquis wheat. From eight to ten years of research prior to 1903 resulted in the development of the first head of Marquis bearing 60 kernels in that year. From that production head by 1918, a trade crop single head upwards of 300,000,000 bushels had developed. Had the cereal greenhouse been in operation during the preliminary development period, Marquis would have been ready for distribution to Canadian farms at least four years earlier, and this would have meant many millions of dollars to Canadian farmers during a period of bumper crops and record prices.

In the case of the crop which will soon be ready for harvest, the seed from field test plots harvested in the fall, was sown last October, and the seed from the greenhouse crops will be planted in field plots in May. The number and variety of individual types of grain which are developed in the greenhouse winter crop is really amazing.

### Railroads Solve One Problem

Use Radio For Signalling On Long Freight Trains

Railroads, which have been trying to find a more reliable and reliable manner of instant communication between front and rear cars of long freight trains, other than the present method of signalling with the whistle, apparently have solved the problem by the development of a short wave radio apparatus.

Low powered telephone transmitters installed in both ends of a train will permit the flashing of orders instantly and also make possible communication with a moving train. The signalling apparatus consists of low powered short wave transmitting and receiving equipment adjusted so that the engineer or conductor desiring to signal or converse, need only depress a switch, which in turn automatically signals the trainman.

This development marks another utilization of radio possibilities and demonstrates how indefatigable are the rail carriers in experimenting with new devices in order further to improve their services and to protect their passengers.

### Plenty Of Time To Pay

In June, 1928, Mrs. George Sabel won a divorce from her husband. George hadn't paid a cent of alimony up to 1931, so Mrs. Sabel took him to court again. The judge decreed that he had to pay her \$30 a week and \$1 a week to catch up on his back alimony. At this rate it will take him until the year 2005 to catch up with his arrears of \$3,870.

Men, like tools, are useless when they lose their temper.



The Lesser Evil

"Leave off—leave off—I would rather you called the police."—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1351

### May Prove Very Useful

New "Electric Ear" Could Analyze Noises Of Cities

A portable "electric ear" to separate the various sounds of a whirling electric motor was demonstrated publicly recently at the Westinghouse Research Laboratories, East Pittsburgh, Pa., U.S.A., by J. P. Peltz, who developed it.

So compact that it fits into an ordinary suit case, this new "electric ear" can easily be taken to whatever sound may be under observation. In line with the studies of various cities in an attempt to reduce the objectionable noise which, it is said, is gradually making nervous wrecks of the human race, the first step is to analyze the noise and find the parts which make it up.

"Noise is a queer phenomenon," said Mr. Peltz. "It is usually a group of various smaller noises and is seldom found in the pure state. When an apple is dropped on a wooden floor, the 'thud' which 'strikes' the human ear is made up of a great number of sounds having no more resemblance to the 'thud' than flour, milk, baking powder, butter and eggs have to a finished cake."

"When the apple hits the floor, the impact starts a series of complex 'broadcasts' which in physics are represented by waves, called sound waves. It is entirely possible to 'produce' silence by two sound waves which fit into each other much like the teeth of two saw blades."

"In a somewhat different application it is also hoped that in the future this new portable 'electric ear' may be used as an advance fault finder for aeroplane motors and propellers. So much more sensitive than the human ear, it is anticipated that it will hear loose wrist-pins, piston-rings, main bearings, warped or split propellers long before they are loud enough—and consequently dangerous—to be heard by the human ear."

### Over-Exercise Is Harmful

Too Much Is As Dangerous As Too Little

The recent lot of sudden deaths among business men while engaged in athletic games has focused attention to the problem of excess of exercise upon individuals past middle age. These individuals suggest some caution on the part of those past middle life who are in the habit of participating in games where more or less violent exertion is involved. Host of authorities agree that regular exercise virtually, up to extreme old age, is contributory to good health, but they also agree that discrimination is necessary to select the kind of exercise and the conditions under which it is taken.

Too much strenuous exercise is as dangerous as too little. However, most people can rely on their own judgment as to what is suitable for them in this respect. If they are unduly fatigued, as a result of their exertions, they may safely conclude that they are not in the right game for them. But the circumstance that some men have dropped dead while playing golf, curling, playing badminton, or bowling, should not result in a general avoidance of these games. It is a well known fact that by far the greatest majority die in bed. If an individual pays some attention to physical condition throughout his life he need only desist from fairly strenuous exercise when his doctor or the physical director advises him to do so. Moderate exercise is adding many years to the lives of a lot of people. It is the overdone that should be avoided.

### Cut Flowers Popular

Canadians Spend Large Sums On Flowers and Decorative Plants

It is evident that Canadians have a predilection for cut flowers; in other words they believe in saying it with flowers, in whatever form the person may desire to express "I." For the year ended May 31, 1930, total of \$2,037,678 was spent in Canada for cut flowers, 71 per cent. of the total of \$2,870,041 spent for decorative plants, ornamental trees, shrubs, perennial and annual plants. In addition to the purchase of home-grown products of trees, plants, etc., Canada imported last year nearly 50,000 such products for purposes of beautification.

A train of thought runs regardless of time tables.

## FASHION



No. 898—New Apron Type. This style is designed in sizes small, medium, and large. The medium size requires 1 1/2 yards of 40-inch material with 7 1/2 yards of binding.

No. 956—For Wee Maids. This style is designed in sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 2 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting, and 2 1/2 yards of binding.

No. 219—Youthful Model. This style is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust measure. Size 18 requires 4 1/4 yards of 39-inch material.

No. 200—For Smart Junior. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 723—Slenderizing Model. This style is designed in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust measure.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

### Red Poll Association

Increase In Livestock Business Expected To Follow Low Grain Prices

At the recent annual meeting of the Canadian Red Poll Association at Regina, the president emphasized the opportunity now offered to breeders to take advantage of the increase in the livestock business which is expected to follow the low prices of grain, and contended that by a continued careful selection of bulls, strong in dual-purpose qualities, the breed should have no difficulty in finding a foremost place as the farmers turn more to diversified farming.

Fifty trains running in the north of France, have schedules calling for an average speed of 56 miles an hour.

### Extending Telephone Service

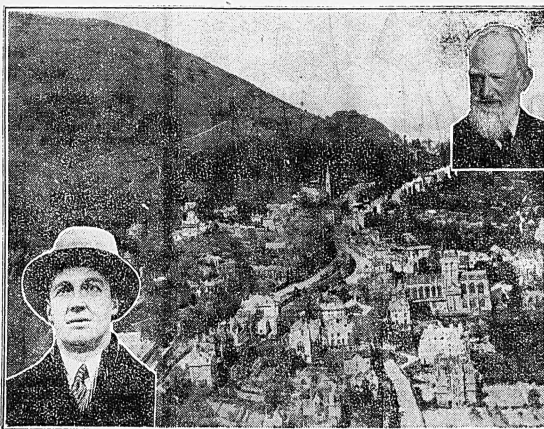
London Will Soon Be Able To Talk To Whole World

London is now able to call up 95 per cent. of the nations and states of the world by telephone. When new aerial apparatus is erected at Rugby, great wireless station, Japan will probably be added to the list. Rugby is ready to link up Egypt, South Africa, and India, as soon as stations are completed in those countries.

The first exchange to the Channel Islands has been opened up, and is expected to greatly benefit London merchants who take fruits and flowers from the islands.

Many farmers in Japan are taking up weeding at home as a side issue.

### FESTIVAL OF ENGLISH DRAMA



Malvern, Worcestershire, England. Here, in the beautiful west country town, hard against the Welsh border, will be staged from August 3 to 22, inclusive, the annual festival of English drama. To George Bernard Shaw (right), world-famed author and playwright, will be dedicated the 1931 festival. Sir Barry Jackson (left), British millionaire and theatrical producer, is directing the event, which will include a new play by Shaw. From the Malvern Hills long ago, a beacon told twelve counties of the approach of the Spanish Armada.

## Question Of Farming On A Large Scale As Against Survival Of Smaller Individual Farms

The past couple of years, with their glutted markets and low prices, have forced Canadians to give attention not only to their own farming methods, but to those of other countries. Russia and the Argentine have both entered the market which Canada had come to consider largely her own, and Canada is coming to realize that if she is to remain one of the major wheat-exporting countries of the world she must do something to reduce the cost of production. The United States, which has a home market for all but a relatively small fraction of its output, can, if it chooses, limit its crops and withdraw from the world wheat market altogether. Some have suggested that Canada do the same. But wheat bulks much more heavily in Canada's production and in Canada's exports than it does in the exports and production of the United States, and it would be a far more difficult and far more serious thing for Canada to admit that she is beaten in the contest than for the United States to do this. Besides, Canada has advantages which the United States cannot boast. She has cheaper land, she can grow larger crops, and she can grow wheat of a better quality.

Canada, for several reasons, must go on producing wheat in large quantities, and selling it abroad. She needs her wheat exports to balance or help balance the great quantities of goods she imports. She has organized herself as a wheat-producing wheat-exporting country, with elevators, railroads, docks and canals for the transportation of the product. And she has large areas of land which cannot profitably be turned to any other purpose.

But necessities of the situation such as these are not going to solve the problem. Dr. W. V. Swanson, who was one of Mr. Bennett's expert advisors on wheat at the Imperial Conference, has estimated that the average cost of producing a bushel of wheat in western Canada is 78 cents. Number 1 Northern wheat sold on the Winnipeg Exchange recently, for less than 60 cents a bushel. A condition of affairs like that can go on for a year or two, but not continue indefinitely. The farmer can only continue to produce wheat by producing at a profit. In the Argentine, wheat is produced on farms of great size by means whose standard of living is low. In Russia, it is being produced on communal farms by people whose standard of living is also much lower than that which prevails in Canada. Russian wheat also has been forced upon the market at ruinous prices in order to create a credit to meet Russian obligations. But that was a device to meet an emergency, and need not be expected to continue. Canada will, however, have to meet the low-priced Argentine and Russian grain on the world market. How can she do it?

Some men who have studied the situation, like Mr. H. E. Spencer, who represents Battle River in the House of Commons, believe western Canada must turn to large farms on the Russian scale—in other words, must industrialize farming.

Others see no advantage in enlarging farms beyond the size which will give the maximum employment to the best type of modern machinery. Others again, like Hon. W. R. Motherwell, former minister of agriculture, are inclined to believe the small farm will survive. The economies of the situation will, of course, decide in the end. If the small farmer can not make a living, the small farmer will not remain. He will disappear, just as the small manufacturer has, to a large extent, given way to the great factory, and as the small shopkeeper is now retreating before the chain store, and the department store. But Canada, in her own interests, would do well to take what steps she can to save the small farmer from the fate which many believe is threatening him. The small farmer is the foundation on which this country rests. Capitalist and laborer in one, he is industrious, frugal and independent, and we can ill afford either to allow his standard of living to be reduced, or to turn him to a mere workman on a large wheat-growing estate. There is probably not very much danger that Communist ideas will prevail on this continent. But the principal bulwark against them is the small farmer who owns his own land and is his own boss and can see no advantage in the socialization of either his property or his labor.—Vancouver Province.

### Canadian Poultry For Africa

Shipment From Nanaimo, B.C., Going To Natal

"It's a long way to Mool River," crowed six frisky white leghorn cockerels on the railway platform at Nanaimo recently. It was their first transfer on a 50-day journey from the farm at Westholme, Vancouver Island, where they were raised. They were bound for Vancouver and across Canada to Saint John, New Brunswick, from where they will be shipped to Durban, South Africa. At Durban they will be trans-shipped on the government railway to Mool River, Natal, where they will take up a permanent residence. The birds are to provide a change of blood and to be used for foundation purposes by a Natal poultryman. Shipments of poultry from the same farm have recently been made to the British Isles, the Orient, Hawaii, several parts of Canada, and the United States.

### Bird Sanctuaries In Canada

Protection Of Wild Life Has Proved Worth While

Conservation of wild birds in Canada was assumed by the government when there was still a good deal of unpopulated wilderness and few species were threatened with extinction, the New York Times points out. One naturalist is well known from coast to coast for his preserve where wild geese and ducks are fed and protected. In the Dominion there are more than forty bird sanctuaries. On the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence there is a chain of ten islands where sea birds breed without molestation. A census taken in 1930 showed their number to be 100,850 of sixteen different species. This did not include "young birds hatched during that year." The increase since 1925 was estimated at nineteen per cent.

### Canadian Tree Seed For Britain

The Forestry Commission of Great Britain is using Canadian Sitka spruce seed to a considerable extent in the planting of new forests in that country. The total quantity of seed of this species sent to Great Britain up to date by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, is over eleven thousand pounds (five and a half tons). This seed has all been extracted at the seed-extraction plant of the Forest Service at New Westminster, B.C.



Food Merchant: "I have found a substitute for fish. Tastes like squid and smells even more unpleasant after three days."—Dorfbarrer, Berlin.

# BACKACHE

Wonderful relief from pain

Backache is one of those wearying complaints which bind all our victims together with a common bond of misery. And when any one suffers from backache finds a sure remedy, fellowship prompts the quick report of that discovery to others. Here's a woman who has her friend to thank for knowledge of a remarkably successful treatment. Now gratitude compels her, in turn, to pass along the good news to you.

"I am writing to tell you of the great benefit I have received from Kruschen Salts. My friend, Mrs. H., had received so much benefit that she begged me to give Kruschen a trial, although at first I was doubtful, because I had tried so many things. At last, however, I tried some of her Kruschen, and, feeling better, I purchased a bottle, and I can honestly say that before I had finished the bottle my backache was gone. I have suffered for years with kidney trouble and dreadful headaches, and now to be free from the pain altogether is wonderful!" (Mrs. C.)

## FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now for our expense. We have distributed a great many special "GIANT" trial bottles. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c package.

This consists of our regular 75c bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about one week. Open the trial bottle first, put it to the test, and then, if not entirely convinced that Kruschen does everything we claim to do, the regular bottle is still as good as new. Take it easy, and your kidneys will be glad to return you to health and without question. You have tried Kruschen free at our expense. We would like Kruschen to be manufactured by Dr. Griffiths Hughes, Ltd., Manchester, England, 1730. Importers: McGillivray Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 100 spectators at Tokio, were burned on the face and arms when a chemical apparatus by aeroplanes failed to vaporize.

The strength of the British Territorial Army now is 6,831 officers, and 227,282 other ranks, a decrease of 85 officers and 1,785 other ranks in a year.

Sale of tickets in the Irish hospital sweepstakes on the Grand National steplechase is in the hands of the British, the high court ruled in a test case.

The Faculty of Arts, the largest art association in Britain, has awarded its gold medal for "the greatest film of 1930" to "All Quiet On the Western Front."

The British Linen Industry Research Association announces that the King has consented to devote two or three acres of his Norfolk estates to the experimental growing of flax.

The directory of McGill University for 1930-31, was issued recently, and was complete from A to Z, the first name being Abramowitz, and the last Zwisler.

Because she cannot comply with immigration regulations, officials state Miss Alexandra Tolstoy, elderly daughter of the great Russian novelist, cannot enter Canada.

The Chinese government is contemplating an increase of 30 per cent. in tobacco taxation to raise money for relief of starving multitudes of Shensi and Kansu provinces. It is estimated \$15,000,000 could be raised by this method.

The first "Empire Shop" organized in England by the Empire Marketing Board is that of Birmingham, opened on January 26 by William Lunn, M.P., Under-Secretary for Dominion Affairs, but it is not the first in Great Britain. A similar shop was opened by the Board in Glasgow, last year.

Manitoba Botanist Honored  
Charles W. Lowe, M.Sc., botanical lecturer at University of Manitoba, has been elected to a Fellowship in the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Prof. Lowe is renowned for his research work of fresh water and marine algae, and will shortly publish two papers on algal research in British Columbia.

Patents run for 17 years from the date of issue and cannot be renewed. The only way an inventor can get an extension on a patent is by a special act of congress.

Britain expects a record pleasure-boating season this year.

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## Feeding and Care Of Infants

Safe Rules To Follow In Order To Protect Health Of The Baby  
(By John Burke Ingram)

The breast-fed baby has a much better chance of life and health than a bottle-fed baby.

Almost every normal mother can nurse her infant if she is patient and determined to do so. In many cases it is not easy but in almost every case, as I have said, it is possible and a mother who loves her child should realize that the finest and best thing she can do for it is to feed it at her breast. Cow's milk is intended for the stomachs of little calves. Mothers' milk is the thing for human babies.

When the time comes to start putting baby on solid foods, there again, the advice of the doctor should be sought. This is such an important subject that I do not feel that I should generalize here. Now in conclusion, just let me sum up the points which we have given in this article, and possibly add a few more.

Babies need regular feeding times. Babies need regular sleeping times. Babies need much air and sunshine. Babies need water to drink.

Babies need to be kept warm. Babies need to be kept clean.

Babies need to be simply dressed. Babies should be nursed by the mother, if it is at all possible for the mother to do so.

Babies' food should be prescribed by the doctor; not by the neighbors. Babies' food should not be changed too often.

Babies should have clean milk. Babies' milk should be kept cold until wanted.

Babies should not use pacifiers. Babies should not be kissed on the mouth.

Babies should be kept off the floor, out of drafts, and away from people who have colds.

It is important to know a sick baby from a well one.

It is important to get a doctor's advice early.

Teething is not a sickness. The baby that is well fed, has regular habits and plenty of fresh air,

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"GUTHRIE-SALVE" ANAZES Mother But Is Not A Cure For Eczema. Guthrie-Salve stops scratching and crying. It is an ointment. It is not a cure. It is a "Guthrie-Salve" ends itch at once. All druggists.

does not often get sick, and if sick usually gets well quickly.

It is easier to "keep" your baby well than to "make" him well.

## Friendly Relations

Proper Understanding Between Canada and United States Is Vital

Single occupation of the continent of North America could never have resulted as beneficially as did its division between Canada and the United States, said Col. Hanford Macmillan, U.S. minister to Canada, in an address to the Canadian Club, Toronto.

Good relations and proper understanding between the two countries were vital, he declared, to all the world. Despite incidents "occasionally augmented by the political or economic situation of the moment," there had been few conflicts of opinion.

"Out of early dissension," he said, had grown two great nations which had given the world "the best example of considerate neighborly behavior."

## Does Not Appear Weak

Lightning Strikes Which Split Great Rocks Compel Respect

A 5,000,000-volt stroke of lightning having been caught and measured on an electric line in Arkansas, the scientists state that it is considerably weaker than machine-produced electricity.

This conclusion may satisfy electricians of note, but the ordinary man should beware of trifling with lightning when it is raging about.

Strokes that split great rocks, hit and raze big buildings and wipe out herds of cattle, are quite capable of disposing of a mere man in astonishingly quick order.

Lightning is a natural force that compels respect.

## FASHION



No. 215—Practical Day Dress. This style is designed in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 yards of 39-inch material with 7/8 yard of 39-inch contrasting.

No. 212—Smart Pinaflore Frock. This style is designed in sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 2 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 623—Smart Jacket Suit. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards of 39-inch material for jacket and skirt with 1 1/2 yards of 39-inch material for waist and 2 1/2 yards of 39-inch lining for jacket.

No. 837—Youthful Button Closing. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 998—Smart Sophistication. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 22

THE USE AND ABUSE OF GOD'S GIFTS—TEMPERANCE LESSON

Golden Text: "Be not drunken with wine, wherein is riot, but be filled with the Spirit."—Ephesians 5:18.

Lesson: Luke 12.

Devotional Reading: Matthew 6:19-24.

## Explanations and Comments

The Warning Against Covetousness; verses 13-21.—A certain rich man, so the parable of Jesus begins, whose fields yielded more than his barns would hold, propounded to himself this query, "What shall I do because I have not where to bestow my fruits?"

God has provided barns for superfluous corn in mouths that hunger, fields for sheaves, homes for the orphaned and the widowed at his want. To store in these treasure-houses is the luxury as well as the duty of wealth.

The rich man proceeded to answer his query: "This will I do: I will pull down my barns, and build greater, and I will say to my soul [some one observes that he was talking to his stomach rather than to his heart] 'I am addressing his soul', 'Soul, thou hast much good laid up for many years; take time ease, eat, drink, be merry.' "He does not say to it, 'Now, my soul, let us study art, and music, and literature.' The finer instincts have gone for the heavy response, his enthusiasm for humanity. He has so lived that at the end of his years he has lost the capacity to live. He has made a living and unmade a life."

"It is a shameful conception of wealth which regards it only as a means to ease and luxurious living. The ease it brings is, or should be, only for the community for his abilities it imposes. The man who is rich by reason of the great business interests he has built up is accountable to the community for the honesty and usefulness of his service, to his hundreds of thousands of employees for such a conduct grows, to his business as well as their means of livelihood, to his own conscience for laborious and unrelenting attention to the wearisome details of business management. Too often the loss of leisure, health, and happiness is the penalty he pays for the luxuries he enjoys."

The rich fool made three mistakes: he mistook his body for his soul; he mistook time for eternity; and he mistook himself for God, the Ruler of all destinies.—James Orr. God said unto him, "Thou foolish one, this night is thy soul required of thee; and the things which thou hast prepared, whose shall they be?"

The Parable Of Faithful and Unfaithful Servants, verses 35-40.—Which eagerly for the coming of the King, like servants of a lord who, with loins girt for service, and with lamps burning, await his coming in the night time. "In the spirit"

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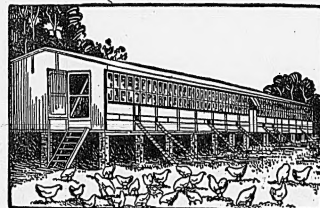
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Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

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## Entry From Philippine Islands

Exhibit Will Be Sent To World's Grain Conference

When the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference is opened at Regina, in 1932, the Philippine Islands will be represented by exhibits entered in the competitive classes as well as by a display in the educational exhibit section of the world-wide exhibition and conference.

Announcement was made from the headquarters' office of the exhibition that a very prominent part in the 1932 gathering will be taken by the college of agriculture, of the university, of the Philippines.

Dr. B. M. Gonzalez, dean of the college, has notified the officials of the exhibition of participation by the Philippines in the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, and that the exhibit will be prepared by Professor N. B. Mendola, of the Department of Agronomy.

The display will consist of native yellow Flint corn, Lagkit corn, nine varieties of rice, field peas, field beans and soybeans, which will be shipped to Regina from Manila, a distance of over 6,000 miles.

## Protecting Explosive Cargo

A novel system of water sprinklers has been designed for use on ships carrying dangerous explosive cargo. When the rays of the sun become hot, the sprinkling system, which covers the entire ship, is turned on, and the decks are kept under a constant film of water.

**Relief For Colds BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE**

SINGLE SPASMS IT Acts like a Flash

## A Good Motto

The family motto of the Governor-General elect is: "Pro regis, leges, grege." In English that means: "For king, law, people," and if he lives up to that he will be a successful Governor-General.



## PARLIAMENT IS OPENED WITH MUCH CEREMONY

Ottawa, Ont.—History was made in the senate chamber of Canada's parliament buildings. For the first time since Confederation, a Canadian acted as representative of His Majesty the King, in opening parliament when Rt. Hon. Lyman P. Duff, administrator and acting chief justice of the Supreme Court of Canada read the Speech from the Throne.

Despite the absence of the governor-general all the color, the ceremony and the pomp associated with the opening of the Dominion parliament was in evidence. Booming cannon, brass bands, shining uniforms, beautiful gowns all played their part in the occasion. For the ceremonies were gathered many of those most prominent in the political, religious, diplomatic and social life of the Dominion.

His Excellency the administrator, arrived amid the booming of guns and the notes of the national anthem. He was escorted to the senate chamber, taking his seat there on the vice-regal throne. Round him stood or sat representatives of the government, the army, navy and air forces, the church, the courts, foreign governments. Galleries were crowded.

In the meantime, the commoners had gathered in their own chamber, the scene of many a doubtful battle in days gone by. They waited for five or ten minutes, indulging in friendly conversation, greeting, and handshaking. Hon. Ernest Lapointe, former minister of justice, just recovered from an illness, was the target for many friendly greetings from those on both sides of the House.

At last came the three sharp knocks on the door. The sergeant-at-arms hurried to open and admit the gentleman usher of the black rod conveying the summons to the Senate. Led by Hon. George Black, speaker, the commoners trooped through the marble paved corridor to the red chamber, filling all available space and jostling each other good naturedly as they went along. Then the Speech was read.

It contained certain interesting declarations, although following along lines already forecast. The expected tariff revision was announced, but only "incidental adjustments" to present British preference schedules will be made. Legislation will be introduced to create a tariff board. This is in line with announcements made by the prime minister some time ago.

Introduction of radio legislation is postponed pending decision of the courts on the question of jurisdiction. Estimates will be cut down. Action of some kind with respect to old age pensions, aid to agriculture, technical education and highway construction was forecast. Further assistance will be given in the marketing of Canadian wheat. Amendments to the Naturalization Act and to the Copyright Act, and a bill "to provide for the more effective control of national finance" will be introduced.

The speech contained an optimistic declaration with respect to the future of Canada, and an assertion that the tariff changes made at the past session had already proven beneficial.

Having listened to the speech in both official languages, members of the Commons returned to their own chamber. A slight delay followed while the prime minister was doffing the Windsor uniform and donning less ceremonial clothing. His entrance was the signal for an ovation from his followers.

## Gasoline Prices Reduced

Cut Is Announced In Prices For Eastern Canada

Montreal, Que.—Gasoline prices in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime provinces were reduced this morning. The reductions follow: Toronto, the Island of Montreal, and principal cities in Western Ontario, 2½ cents per gallon; elsewhere in the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, 1½ cents per gallon; Maritime provinces, one-half cent per gallon.

The changes were announced by John Irwin, president of McColl-Frontenac Oil Company, who said all refiners had decided on the changes. It was the second downward revision of prices in about a month, and followed the establishment by the Ottawa Government of a 2½ cents protective tariff on the products of Canadian oil refineries.

W N. U. 1851

## To Assist Farmers

Government Grants For Promotion Of Cattle Raising

Ottawa, Ont.—Government grants for the promotion of cattle raising in Western Canada were announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture. With a view to assisting farmers to establish themselves in the breeding of cattle for either beef or dairy purposes, the government will pay freight charges on carload lots of accredited stock from Eastern Canada.

Freight charges will be refunded, Mr. Weir stated, providing the consignee forwards to the acting livestock commissioner at Ottawa the receipted freight bill and a formal statement showing that conditions attached to the grants have been complied with. In order to benefit, the purchaser must show that the carload consisted of at least 12 head of female cattle, not under eight months and not over five years of age.

Only cattle that have been declared by a Dominion veterinarian to be free from tuberculosis or other disease may be included in a shipment and the animals must be shown to be of merit from a producing standpoint. The new policy goes into effect immediately.

## Railway Asking Fifty Million Stock Issue

C.P.R. Has Forwarded Official Notice To Shareholders

Montreal, Que.—At the 50th annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway, to be held here May 6, authorization will be asked for an issue of \$50,000,000 ordinary capital stock, in amounts, on such terms, and at such times as the directors shall decide. Official notice to this effect has been forwarded to the shareholders.

Toronto, Ont.—"While no direct explanation was forthcoming to explain why the Canadian Pacific should require an additional \$50,000,000, if approved, it is generally understood that it indicates a continuation of the company's expansion programme," the Mail and Empire says.

"It has been known for some time that the Canadian Pacific plans expansion of its rail service through the Canada west," the newspaper continued.

## Wheat Exports Increase

Heavier Volume Is Shown During Past Seven Months Than Corresponding Period Last Year

Ottawa, Ont.—Wheat is moving freely through export channels, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. During the seven months ended February 28, exports totalled 148,594,000 bushels, as against 88,420,000 bushels in the corresponding period a year ago. Shipments of Canadian wheat from United States ports are not included.

Despite the heavier volume, lower wheat prices kept the total value down, the figure being \$111,725,000, as compared with \$117,429,000. Of the total, 90,746,000 bushels went to the United Kingdom, 7,722,000 bushels to the United States, and 50,125,000 to other countries.

Grandson Of Jules Verne

Havre, France—Jean Jules Verne, whose grandfather wrote "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," has sailed for New York on the liner "Lafayette," to be a guest at the launching of the submarine "Nautilus," in which Sir Hubert Wilkins plans an undersea expedition to the North Pole. Verne is a police magistrate in Rouen.

Animal's Paradise

Washington, D.C.—All the caribou in the United States—400 head—will be government charges when Isle Royale, in Lake Superior, becomes a national park. They are there now, along with 2,000 moose and sundry beaver and deer. Isle Royale is an animal's paradise with 56,000 acres in which to roam.

For Empire Trade

London, England.—The erection of Empire Marketing Board poster frames in Canada to demonstrate work being done by the board in promotion of the sale of British products in Britain is being considered by the government, Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, secretary for Dominion affairs, stated.

Will Hold Investigation

Montreal, Que.—Securities protective committee has been formed, under the chairmanship of Hon. Charles A. Dunning, to "study the whole Canada power and paper situation in the interests of the security holders," states an announcement issued here.

## Canadian Dollar Above Par

Second High Quotation In New York This Year

New York.—The Canadian dollar for the above par March 11, for the second time this year, being quoted in the money market here at 164 of one per cent premium.

The strength of Canadian funds has been attributed to Canadian financing in the local market and bankers attribute the gain to placing of an issue of \$10,070,000 City of Montreal gold bonds.

## NAVAL ACCORD IS MADE PUBLIC IN LONDON

London, England.—Limitation of French and Italian naval programs until 1936 is definitely laid down in the terms of the British-Franco-Italian naval accord, made public recently.

But even more important than its technical provisions in the opinion of the three governments concerned, the agreement brings European peace measurably closer and provides a point of departure for the disarmament conference at Geneva next year.

The accord covers building programmes for battleships, cruisers, aircraft-carriers and submarines, in substance as follows: Battleships—Both France and Italy are given the right to complete before December, 1936, two capital ships whose displacement shall not exceed 23,333 tons, and whose gun calibre shall not exceed 12 inches.

Cruisers—Both nations agree that after completion of the 1930 class they will build no more big cruisers with armament larger than "six-inch guns. In the small cruiser category they agree that tonnage of new construction to be completed shall not exceed the tonnage which is replaceable in this category before December 31, 1935.

Aircraft-carriers—Each nation may build 34,000 tons in this category. Submarines—Both countries agree not to include any submarines in the 1931 programme, and not to lay down any further submarine tonnage before 1933.

Essence of the agreement is maintenance of the status quo in tonnage ratios. France retains an estimated superiority of 160,000 tons.

The terms were made public here in the form of a memorandum to parliament by Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, British Foreign Secretary, and Rt. Hon. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, who achieved the agreement in conferences with representatives of France and Italy.

French Envoy For Ottawa

Ottawa, Ont.—Once again France is represented in Canada by her own minister. Charles Arsene Henry, minister plenipotentiary to Canada of France, accompanied by Madame Henry, has arrived in Ottawa from New York. At Montreal M. Henry said he thought France would prove a good market for Canadian wheat as she has not committed herself to relegated purchases from European countries.

## CANADA'S NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL



Here are shown Earl and Countess of Bessborough. The Earl of Bessborough has been appointed the new Governor-General of Canada in succession to Lord Willingdon. Widely experienced in parliamentary and financial affairs, Earl of Bessborough is now 61 years of age. The Countess is the daughter of Baron de Neufville of Paris. They have a son and daughter.

## WILL GO TO LABRADOR



Miss Doris L. Feltham, of Springfield, Mass., who will start for Labrador, in May, to teach the women of that land how to preserve the few fruits and vegetables that can be grown in the span of two months, for use during the long cold winter. Summer comes to Labrador for a brief two months to move on again before the onslaught of Arctic winter. Miss Feltham, a graduate of Massachusetts Agricultural College, will work under the banner of the Grenfell Missions.

## Work For Unemployed

Says More Relief Money Earned In Manitoba Than Any Other Western Province

Winnipeg, Man.—Hon. W. R. Clubb, director of relief projects, replied to Conservative charges that Dominion government money had been withheld from unemployed in Manitoba with an assertion that more unemployed relief money had been earned in Manitoba than any other western province. He told the legislature that projects financed jointly by the Dominion, province and municipalities had been started promptly last fall and would be continued in the spring.

This province, said Mr. Clubb, had led the way in providing jobs for the out-of-work. Instead of money being withheld, it had been paid out in late fall and winter construction. More would go to men now out of jobs when some of the largest projects were started in the spring.

By using Dominion Government relief money in constructing Manitoba's link of the trans-Canada highway, Mr. Clubb said more men had been employed than if the province had done the work alone. A "wider and better" road would be the result, he added.

## Arranging New Mail Service

Sea and Air Service Will Soon Be Connected

London, England.—As soon as the connecting air service is available, letters prepaid for air transmission will be carried by sea from Great Britain to Belle Isle and thence taken by air to Montreal and beyond, the assistant postmaster-general S. P. Vivian, announced in the House of Commons.

Arrangements to this effect have been completed with the Canadian authorities, and the date of the opening of the service and the fees to be charged will be announced in due course.

## Woolen Mill Owners Are Visiting Canada

Better Business Relations Being Sought By Scotch Manufacturers

New York.—Four representatives of woolen manufacturers of Scotland arrived here on the liner "Olympic" on their way to Canada for the purpose of promoting better business relations with the Dominions. There was a possibility they would discuss arrangements for establishing branches of representative firms in Canada. They will also visit throughout the United States. Their Canadian itinerary will include Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto and Montreal.

## Rules Of Living

Gandhi Gives Four Commandments To His Followers

Ahmadabad, India.—Mahatma Gandhi gave four commandments to his followers recently.

When they asked him what their conduct should be he replied:

"Don't tell lies."

"Don't use abusive language."

"Don't smoke."

A youth asked plaintively, "How about tea?" and Gandhi replied with a broad smile, "You may drink tea. Drink it from the River Sabarmati." The Sabarmati is the holy river of Gujarat.

## POOL ELEVATOR PROBE IS ASKED FOR MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Man.—Charges that Manitoba Wheat Pool elevators deprived their farmer-shareholders of "enormous sums" through overages and under-grading may be probed by the provincial government.

Premier John Bracken had before him for consideration two requests for the appointment of a royal commission to inquire into the operation of the Pool elevators. One was from J. R. Murray, vice-president of the Alberta Pacific Grain Company, Limited, the other was delivered from Colin H. Burnell, president of the Manitoba Wheat Pool.

With both the accused and accuser demanding a governmental investigation, it seemed certain that a commission would be appointed, although grain authorities here thought the premier might wait action of the Dominion government which, it has been rumored, soon will appoint commissioners to conduct a probe into grain marketing.

Premier Bracken refused comment on the letters. He said the government must have time to study the texts before announcing the stand to be taken. "I have nothing to say at present," he told newspaper interviewers.

"That should be satisfactory," said Mr. Murray, when advised that the president of the co-operative organization had requested a commission of investigation. "My charges are not an attack on the Pool by the grain trade," he said. "I sought the probe on my own responsibility, in the interests of my many good friends among the farmers."

Mr. Burnell branded the charges of "extravagantly high expenses," etc., "absolutely false" in his letter to the premier, and urged that a commission be appointed "as soon as possible," to probe the allegations.

In a letter to Mr. Bracken, Mr. Murray made his charges against the Pool elevators operation, and urged a government inquiry. He charged that farmers were "invoiced" into becoming shareholders in Pool elevators, had been deprived of large sums through overages and under-grading to meet "extravagantly high expenses" and that the latter had been concealed from shareholders by "book-keeping devices."

The letter from Mr. Burnell to the premier reads: "I have seen in the press a letter from Mr. Murray, former manager of the United Grain Growers, in which he charges the Manitoba Pool elevators with practices which gravely injure the equivalent to the deliberate cheating of the members of the Pool elevator associations, and he demands you to institute an investigation into Manitoba Pool Elevators, Limited."

"These charges are absolutely false, and I am instructed by the board of directors of the Manitoba Pool Elevators, Limited, acting on behalf of the members and patrons of the local Pool elevator situation, to request you to have a commission appointed to fully investigate the above mentioned charges as soon as possible."

## WORK OF IRWIN IN INDIA PRAISED BY BALDWIN

London, England.—In the autumn of this year, another Indian conference will meet in London, England—with the members of the Indian National Congress participating—to consider the constitution of a new Federal India. In the preliminary conversations in India the British Conservatives will not participate. But they will be ready to be consulted on Indian policy, nor do they rule out Conservative participation in the autumn conference.

So much emerges from drastic debate on India in the House of Commons. Turned figures here and there in the galleries lent an exotic touch to the scene. Lord Irwin, the viceroy, and Gandhi swept across the India stage, but it was the battle of Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Conservative leader, with his de-hards and his challenge flung startlingly across the floor which held and gripped the House.

As he threw down his challenge, Mr. Baldwin turned halfway around towards the packed benches of his followers. He would, he declared, approach the Indian question with no niggardly spirit.

"But if there are those in the Conservative party," he proceeded, who would approach this subject in a niggardly and grudging spirit, who would have concessions forced from a reluctant hand—if they are in the majority—then in God's name let them choose another leader.

"But, if they are in the minority," Mr. Baldwin went on, seemingly reassured by the thunderous cheers from many of his followers, "then let them refrain from throwing further difficulties in the way of those who have undertaken an almost super-human task."

When Mr. Baldwin quoted from a speech delivered by Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, so-called "die-hard" on the Indian question, a dozen years ago, in which Mr. Churchill pleaded for co-operation between the two countries, he seemed to score over his brilliant colleague who sat only a few seats away from his leader.

In his subsequent speech, Mr. Churchill made no reference to the Baldwin challenge. To the accompaniment of ironical Lauchers he declared his agreement with the Baldwin policy against Conservative participation in a round-table conference in India and, like Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Churchill did not rule out Conservative participation in the London conference.

But while the leader and Mr. Churchill followed the same path so far, they differed widely over the Irwin-Gandhi conversations.

The changing East, said Mr. Baldwin, was changing and had changed. Lord Irwin had reached an agreement which, Mr. Baldwin believed, could have been reached by no other Englishman. It had definitely enlarged the area of goodwill and co-operation in India.

"I believe now, as I believed last year," declared the Conservative leader, "that, if party co-operation were once broken the whole problem of government in India would be insoluble and impossible, and I, for one, would not accept the responsibility of attempting it."

## Many Assisted Under Joint Relief Scheme

Labor Minister Issues Statement On Work Given Unemployed

Ottawa, Ont.—The joint Dominion-provincial unemployment relief scheme which came into operation last September, has provided work for at least 231,351 persons, Senator G. D. Robertson said in a press release. This figure did not include the total for Quebec province but did include the number of men given work through special efforts of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways.

The reports from Saskatchewan indicate that the total number of men given employment was 19,554 up to February 28, 379,174 man-days work having been provided. In addition 14,101 individuals were given direct relief.

Air Company Organized

Winnipeg, Man.—Primarily for the transportation of miners and supplies to the new mining areas of Great Bear Lake and Copper Mine River, in the Northwest Territories, a new Canadian aviation company, with capital of \$160,000 and a fleet of six planes, has been organized.

## Russia Increases Grain Acreage

Reported 333 Million Acres Will Be Brought Under Cultivation

Over the fields of the Soviet Union of Greater Russia, about 333 million acres will be brought under cultivation in the coming season, according to Soviet estimates. This is an increase over 1930 of 30 million acres; over 1929, an increase of 62 million acres.

Soviet plans call for a production in agricultural equipment this year—agricultural machinery and so forth—to the value of approximately \$515,000,000. Last year the production of agricultural equipment in the Soviet Union, again to cite Soviet returns, was of the value of approximately \$160,000,000. Before the war it was \$33,000,000.

In the working out of its five-year plan the Soviet Government has sought to stimulate its agricultural production in two ways: By erecting vast state farms—grain factories, as they have been called—largely on the hitherto uncultivated steppes of the northern Caucasus, and by merging the holdings of peasant proprietors into collective farms.

Forty per cent. of the peasant proprietors, whether willingly or under duress, have joined the collective farms. Sixty per cent. remain outside but the work of persuasion and propaganda is proceeding. Other and larger state farms are planned. The largest, situated in the northern Caucasus, is stated in Soviet literature, to have an area of nearly 500,000 acres. It is destined to produce grain, largely wheat.

Reliable figures of the cost of operating these large grain factories are difficult to obtain. Soviet returns available here lump wheat in with other grains. But so far as can be determined, the average yield in wheat on the state farms last year was approximately 13.5 bushels per acre. This was 2.4 bushels per acre less than the average yield in Canada.

Cost of production is equally difficult to calculate. Soviet figures, however, indicate it is five roubles per metric quintal of 100 kilograms. This, with a bushel of 60 pounds, works out for wheat at approximately 95 cents a bushel.

Last year's total grain crop in the Soviet Union is given as 85 million metric tons. In 1929, it was 71 million metric tons, which was insufficient to cover home needs.

### Smoke More Cigarettes

Consumption of Cigarettes Now Higher in England Than in United States

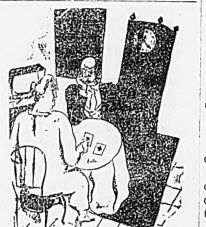
English men and women smoke more cigarettes than Americans. The total domestic sale of cigarettes in Great Britain, in 1930, was 1,220 cigarettes per capita, compared with 972 in the United States according to a survey of British markets.

This 25 per cent. greater use of cigarettes in England than in the United States shows the cigarette has supplanted the pipe as John Bull's favorite smoke. Before the war Englishmen consumed three times as much tobacco in pipes as in cigarettes but now cigarettes are in the lead four to one.—New York Evening Post.

### New Transportation Device

Hopping may become the quick means of transportation for human beings in Australia, the land of the kangaroo. An Australian has invented a device which enables one to leap about 11 feet at a maximum height of eight feet. One mile can be covered in five minutes without undue exertion. The apparatus is attached to the back and opens out in the form of wings.

Every time the sun comes out, it's a little friendlier.



"To find out about this person you love, you must describe what you remember of her."

"Will a wart on her left arm help?"—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1881

## Canal Locks Used Before Christian Era

Holland's Claim To Invention Disputed By Italy

The locks of the Panama Canal, which for sixteen years have held the laurels as the world's largest—in cubic content—now yield the honor to that on the North Sea Canal at Ymuiden. When Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, recently threw the electric switch that set the latter into operation, she was acting in line with the traditions of her country, for the nation that now boasts the largest lock also claims the honor of having invented this important device.

Although canals date back beyond the beginning of the Christian era—having been used for navigation and communication by the Assyrians, Egyptians, Hindus and Chinese—their full usefulness was not realized until the invention of the lock about 600 years ago. The claim of the Dutch to have originated this device by which ships are enabled to sail "up-hill" is, however, disputed by the Italians, who assert that the lock was invented by two of their engineers in 1431.

The new lock at Ymuiden is 1,312 feet long and 164 feet wide. The Gatun lock, in Panama, is 1,000 feet long, and 110 feet wide. Lock 8, of the Welland Canal is 1,380 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Sault Ste. Marie lock is 1,350 feet long, and 80 feet wide. In lock construction greater engineering problems are relegated to width than to length, for the width determines the size of the gates, the manipulation of whose enormous mass is one of the marvels of engineering science.

### Should Use Large Eggs For Incubator

Pullets Lay In Proportion To Size From Which They Were Hatched

Any poultryman who persistently sets small eggs is directly working against his own interests and the future of the industry. It has been determined that pullets at maturity lay eggs in proportion to their own size and weight, and that their size and weight are directly in proportion to the size of the eggs from which they were hatched. The placing of only large, well-formed, normal-shelled eggs in the incubator will result in pullets themselves capable of producing the same kind of eggs.

Eggs going into the incubator should be graded with the same care that is used in grading high-class market eggs. Greater attention to eggs in the incubator will result in a better general quality of table eggs than any other group of management features. The result would be to increase the per capita consumption of eggs through its immediate reflection in increased quality.—Harry R. Lewis, in the Country Gentleman.

### Hard On The Elephant

Amazing Incident Happened During Circus Parade In London, England

During a circus parade in London, a line of cars headed by a miniature make, was held up. The little car which had been hooting incessantly in an endeavor to get on, got too close to the elephants and one of them suddenly sat down on it and flattened it out. The two men in it were happily able to tumble out just in time. The radiator happened to be very hot, and the elephant began a loud trumpeting. By this time the occupants of the other cars were in such fits of laughter that they could not render aid.

### Wasted Pollenness

Little Johnny ran into the kitchen. "Mother, I want an apple." "Don't say an apple; say, an apple, dear," his mother instructed. "Well, mother, I want an apple." "It would sound much better if you were to say: 'Please, may I have an apple?'" "Aw right, please, may I have an apple?" "An apple?" "Please, may I have an apple?" "I'm sorry, dear, but the apples are all gone."

### A Rival Of Ananias

Father of beloved: "You like my daughter?" "Like her? I would spring off the top of the Cathedral for her, die for her, slave to please her, go through fire to save her pal!" "Father: 'Very good. But I can't consent to the marriage—I am a pretty good liar and one in the family is enough.'"

According to an economist, money is the people's servant. Here today and gone tomorrow.

## Canada Bans Danish Bacon

Existence Of Foot And Mouth Disease Stops Shipment

Passage of a prohibitory order by the federal government against entry into Canada of meat products from a country in which "foot and mouth disease" has been known to exist, during the 12 months immediately preceding," has put a ban on Danish bacon and bacon products.

First indication of the ban followed the seizure of a shipment of Danish bacon arriving in Montreal. The Danish Co-Operative Ltd., which recently opened its office in Montreal, with the intention of organizing a Canadian company to handle the sale and distribution of Danish bacon and other pork products in Canada, was prepared to put its products on the market at not less than 27 cents per pound according to the agreement with the Dominion Government.

In view of the fact that the Danish Co-Operative Ltd., was a company organized in Great Britain for the wholesaling and distribution of Danish bacon and pork products, the bacon was coming into Canada under a duty of 15 cents per pound.

A first shipment of 2,000 pounds was received in Montreal and offered to the butcher shops and chain stores in that city. It was followed by a second shipment of 4,000 pounds and others were expected, depending upon the increase of business.

### Ancient and Modern

Amusing Experience Of Visitors To Temple In Colombo

A traveller gives an interesting and amusing visit to a Buddhist temple in Colombo. He writes: "My companions and I paid a rupee for the privilege of threading our shoeless way among the prostrate forms of women and children, who divided their attention between their duty and the visitors. But what struck me as strange, was the fact that the oil which fed the sacred, ever-burning lamp issued from a dilapidated tin bearing the name of a popular patent food for infants. This was not all. On the floor of the shrine lay a battered sardine tin which, once, no doubt, had served the same purpose. The legend which decorated the tin, and which was a household word to us, probably appeared to them as a significant series of hieroglyphics."

### Historic Cannon Found

Discovery of two old cannon buried in Fletcher's Field, on the site of the new central fire alarm station, has brought Montreal's colorful past back. Workmen excavating on the site discovered the two pieces 10 feet below the surface, and they are now being cleaned so that experts may determine whether they were used by the English, French or Americans.

### Had Experience

"May I see the captain?" inquired a lady passenger. "He's forward, Miss," replied the first mate. "Oh, I'm not afraid," said the lady. "I've been out with hospital students."

### Paper Birch Seeds

Seeds of the paper, or canoe, birch are so small that it is calculated by the Dominion Forest Service, Department of the Interior, there are over seven hundred thousand seeds in a pound.

## Proud Of Its Record

Minute Book Of Old Saskatchewan Church Contains Quaint Resolutions

Conspicuous for many miles the little church and red brick schoolhouse of the Pheasant Forks community, eight miles north of Lemberg, Sask., stands. For many years the two buildings have stood together in the same fenced area and now they are fronted by a suitable monument erected to the memory of the men who died in the Great War. The members and the pastor of this church are very proud of its record. Services have been conducted in this community since 1882, when a few pioneers broke the trail through from Brandon. The pastor, Jealousy guards the old minute book and records of proceedings kept intact with the first entry dating July, 1883. Many and quaint are the resolutions and minutes recorded in those pioneer days. References to the paying of a meagre stipend to some itinerant preacher in terms of vegetables and meat, the procuring of logs for a church building, all lend color to a far-off day.

### Take Census Of Buffalo

Photographs From Airplanes Will Picture Animals In Wood Buffalo Park

Five members of the Royal Canadian Air Force set out by plane from Winnipeg, recently for Cornerport Lake, en route to Fitzgerald, Alberta, to take a series of photographs for use in connection with the compiling of a census of buffalo now in the Wood Buffalo Park. The pictures will be used by the surveys bureau of the Northwest Territories and Yukon Department. The fliers, from their headquarters at Fitzgerald, will make a careful search in the country between the Peace River and Lake Claire, to the west of Lake Athabasca, for buffalo herds which are now on the southern portion of their range for the winter, and will take vertical and oblique pictures to ascertain the number of animals.

### B.C. Poultry

One Thousand Government Approved Chicks To Be Hatched This Spring

Thirty-eight of British Columbia's poultry hatcheries have made application and have been inspected under the Dominion Government hatchery approval policy. These hatcheries have a combined capacity of 850,000 eggs, which means that each week about 120,000 hatching eggs from Government approved hatcheries will be incubated during the hatching season this spring. These hatcheries will therefore put out about 1,000,000 Government approved chicks.

### World Not So Large

It's a small world. Thirteen years ago Arthur W. Hanson, of Minneapolis, dropped his soldier's kit somewhere on a battlefield in France. A year after the war Dr. Charles W. Olsen, of Chicago, visiting the European battlefield, picked up the kit and noticed the owner's name upon it. A few weeks later Hanson got it back.

### Important Pacific Port

The Port of New Westminster, which in recent years has become important in deep sea traffic, showed a gain in its import and export trade last year.

### NEW ZEALAND'S QUAKE



Reproduced above is one of the first photographs to reach here from the New Zealand earthquake area, which recently took a toll of hundreds of lives and nearly two thousand injured, when fire and flood swept upon Napier and other towns in the path of death-dealing tremors. Immediately after the first series of terrific shocks, Napier was evacuated in a dramatic manner, when some 10,000 persons were ordered out by the government to remain, however, soon afterward. Photograph shows a scene on Emerson St., Napier, one of the principal streets of the city, along which every structure was destroyed.

## Depends On Irrigation

California Land Would Be Unprofitable Without Artificial Water Supply

It is not far-fetched to speak of rain in Los Angeles the way you speak of catalpa or threatened disaster in most other places. When an eighth of an inch fell there recently, some of the streets ran over.

Few cities in this country, or the whole world for that matter, need rain so badly or can stand so little of it.

Just one more example of relativity. Elanston would probably say, though it is one of the few ridges he has not been asked to solve. Outsiders think of California as a green, luxuriant land in which there is little to do but pick the luscious fruit, or, better still, hire a Japanese to pick it, and live happily ever after. That's all wrong. In its natural state California was largely desert and still would be but for irrigation. The vineyards, orange groves, prune orchards, forests of walnut trees and all the other productive acreage about which we hear so much were brought into being by such a stupendous amount of engineering work, and such vast outlays of money for reclamation projects as no other State in the Union can claim.

Though California is the second largest State, it contains a comparatively small area of land which would be fit for farming under any circumstances and practically none which can be worked profitably without an artificial water supply.

All told, California has about 18,000,000 acres of land which could be put into cultivation, or an area about equal to that of the State of Maine, but it has only been able to put water on 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 acres.

With that 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 acres California has not only met most of its domestic needs, but has grown great quantities of fruit and truck for faraway markets.

### Enjoying Ill-Health

Martyr To Bodily Ills Does Not Want Relief

The intense rivalry and hostility toward relief display themselves most obviously in the martyr to bodily ills. The very familiarity to the phrase "enjoying ill-health" proves how multitudinous are these victims, writes Sarah Comstock in Harper's Magazine.

The rest of the world is largely composed of hypochondriacs to him who is a hypochondriac himself. Nothing annoys him so much as to hear someone else boast of his diseases. Straightaway he sets about taking the wind out of his rivals' sails.

Let his neighbor groan that he has tedious preceding night because of sciatica, and the self-pityer will observe: "When one tosses with it every night, as I do, he is glad to forget it."

There is no surer way to get in wrong with one of these afflicted beings than to tell him that he is looking well. If you expect to cheer him you are still in the ABC's of psychology. He is insulted, infuriated. To be sure, he will not show it; he will summon the pensile smile and say, in a tone of injury, "I'm glad I look well—what is there of me! I'm losing a pound a week."

A doctor tells of a patient who when he congratulates her upon looking better always replies: "You doctors are as easily fooled as other men. Even you don't recognize rouge."

Dr. Hubert S. Howe, has admitted to me that all of his profession are many a time hard put to it to discern the truth. These persons are so sly and clever that a physician must be well acquainted with them to make sure just how far they are (subconsciously) trying to deceive. Let a patient declare that she has a violent headache and there is no way to disprove it.

### Earning His Wages

The plumber's apprentice was enjoying his first day of work. Up until one minute to quitting time he had done nothing. "You don't charge for my time, do you?" he asked. "Of course, you dummy." "But I haven't done a single thing." The plumber, still in the hour, had been looking at the finished job with a lighted candle. Handing the two inches of it that were still unburned, to the helper, he said scornfully: "Here, if you're so conscientious, blow that out!"

If you count a hundred when angry it may save you a good thrashing.

Now is the time to buy thermometers writes a correspondent—they'll soon be going up.

## Weeds Are Persistent

Some Reasons Why They Are Hard To Kill

Each kind of weed has a life history of its own, and the reason why one is hard to kill may not be at all the chief reason why another persists. Some of the principal reasons though are the following:

1. They are naturally adapted for life in gardens, fields, and the surroundings of man. They might be easy to kill, or would die out of themselves, if they happened to start growth in the dense shade of a woodland. For the same reason the plants of woodlands would be easy to kill, or hard to keep alive, in the unnatural environment (for them) of our fields and gardens. Most of our weeds have come from older lands where they have held their own against man for ages, in just such an environment. Often times the crops they grow with are less hardy and aggressive than they are, and can only survive and thrive as they are cared for by the farmer while the weeds only need to be left alone to win out in the race for light, space, water and plant food.

2. An immense quantity of seed is produced by some weeds, especially by annuals and biennials, the resulting pollution of the soil requiring years of cleaning, even if no more plants are allowed to go to seed.

3. Many species have vigorous perennial root systems (thistles, dandelions, etc.) which renew growth until repeated destruction of the tops at every fresh appearance starves them.

4. Many weeds have ingenious adaptations as plumes, hooked prickles, "tumble weed" form of growth, etc., for the wide dispersal of their seed.

5. Sometimes weeds persist for the simple reason that farmers will keep on re-seeding their land with crop seeds containing weed seeds, rather than pay a little more for pure seed.

6. Weeds may seem harder to kill than they really are, because we half-kill them, and then forget about them until they have become troublesome again. "Eternal vigilance is the price of safety."

7. Weed control is sometimes rendered difficult because neighbors neglect to do their share, and the careful farmer suffers with the rest. Co-operation is needed.—Experimental Farm Note.

### Driving A Bargain

Shopkeeper Put In Awkward Position By Aberdeen Woman

A woman from the north visiting London for the first time, had, so far, resisted all temptations the metropolis had to offer. When walking down Oxford Street however, she was attracted by a milliner's shop, and asked the shop-keeper the price of his "hatties."

After some deliberation the shop-keeper said, "Oh, yes, the hats. They are all five each."

When the shopkeeper heard that the woman came from Aberdeen he said, "Then you'll know my wife's people, the So-and-so's." The woman said she did, and telling him something about them, remarked, "What's the price of your hats now?"

### Favourite Camping Ground

Near the headquarters of Bow River, in Banff National Park, Alberta, is beautiful Hector Lake. Here is a favourite camping ground, one of the most popular on the Bow Trail. The altitude is 5,704 feet. The waters of this lake are of an exquisite blue, and the green verdure of its shores and grand sweep of encircling peaks form a delightful picture.

### Speed Desired

Two spinners were discussing men. "Which would you prefer in your husband—wealth, ability, or appearance?" asked one. "Appearance," replied the other. "And the sooner the better."



"Mother, I beg you to behave so that my husband will not recognize you." "Don't worry—I will be most amiable to him."—Il Travasso, Rome.





## ACID after meals

GET RID of your dread of pain after eating. Eat without fear of "indigestion," sour stomach, disagreeable gas or headaches.

When your food ferments, "dis-agrees," lies like a lump in your stomach, it's a sign of too much acid. You need not resort to crude methods—take instead an anti-acid that will correct the condition. Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

A spoonful of this pleasant-tasting, soothing fluid neutralizes many times its volume in acid. It restores the proper alkaline balance to an acid-

soaked stomach and bowels—assists these organs to function as they should.

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia is what you need when a bad breath, coated tongue, headaches, nausea or biliousness indicates an over-acid condition. Take a spoonful today and for several days and see how it sweetens the system. You won't be nearly so liable to colds or sickness. All druggists in the Dominion sell it in 60c bottles.

Genuine Milk of Magnesia is always a liquid—never a tablet. Look for the name Phillips on the bottle.

(Made in Canada)

## THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

CHRISTINE WHITING  
PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XII.—Continued.

"I do," said Sonny suddenly. "I'll back you anover pie if you want one."

"E!" laughed, and arose.

"I rather think my digestion won't stand for it," he replied. "And besides, I must go home and get ready for my guest. I'll come back later and find out what you hear from the nurse." Mrs. Hastings. Just now Julie's waiting for my orders. It's fine to see this man of yours about again, isn't it?"

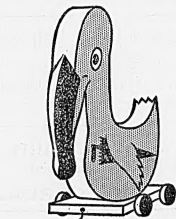
He turned away, while Sonny slid down the steps to join him, slipping his little hand into James Halliday's as confidently as he would have put it into Nick's.

"I got a oven where I bake 'em," he said sociably. "Daddy made it. Daddy can make anything. I'll show you 'fore you go home."

"Gay," murmured Nick softly, "you ought to have seen Halliday's face when the kid offered him that pie! I don't believe he ever played in his life—or if he did he's forgotten how. But it's fine of him to do so much for that little girl."

Gay didn't answer. She was watching James Halliday bending above the pile of stones that was Sonny's oven. In the silence she heard her little boy explaining: "You put 'em there first, and then brown 'em on the tops, same as Mummy does, only me can't have matches. Daddy says mud pies don't need matches. He says they're sun-baked, and the flavor's more 'licious that'll way. Some day when you get time I'll let you make one."

"Thanks," said James Halliday.



## for ANY CHILD

WE can never be sure just what makes a child restless, but the remedy can always be the same. Good old Castoria! There's comfort in every drop of this pure vegetable preparation, and not the slightest harm in its frequent use. As often as your child has a fretful spell, is feverish, or cries and can't sleep, let Castoria soothe and quiet him. Sometimes it's a touch of colic. Sometimes constipation. Or diarrhea—a condition that should always be checked without delay. Just keep Castoria handy, and give it promptly. Relief will follow very promptly; if it doesn't, you should call a physician.

Fletcher's  
CASTORIA

W. N. U. 1881

a young girl wants—and she's still a girl, you know, in spite of her little family."

"I think you might give her something now and then, Mary. Gay's not the sort who would take offense. Can't you pretend you got them for yourself and they were—well—too small or something?"

Mary Maxwell glanced down at her generous proportions, and smiled at her husband's naive suggestion. "I fear, my dear, that Gay would see through a subterfuge like that. Johnny, do you suppose old Mr. Bartlett gives her anything?"

"It wouldn't surprise me; though clothes are the last item he would notice."

"I don't know. Those days he was here with the babies he noticed everything. He's a wonderful old man. I wish he'd give Gay an allowance."

"Well, I don't." John Maxwell spoke with decision. "There's nothing better for a man than having to scratch around to provide for his wife and children. In my opinion Nick's marriage has been the making of him. Not that he wasn't all right before, but he needed ballast, and Gay provides that in just the right amount. I shouldn't want Simon Bartlett to do too much for them."

"Well," sighed Mary, with a thought for the days when she herself had longed for the unattainable, "I suppose you're right, and possibly Mr. Bartlett agrees with you. I feel sure there's nothing he wouldn't do for them if he thought best."

"This was true. It sometimes hurt Simon's heart not to lift all Gay's financial burdens. Only his shrewd good sense kept him from doing it."

He had, however, taken care of the bills incurred by Nick's illness, saying when Gay protested, "It's only a loan, dearie. Better owe me than the doctor. He needs it more'n I do; and Nick can pay me back any time it comes handy."

"But I've the hundred dollars you gave me, Uncle Simon. That'll pay some of it. I can't go into debt to anyone, you know, and spend the money for silly clothes."

"I ain't askin' you to spend it for silly clothes, dearie. Clothes ain't silly if they make a woman look right to her man. It ain't often I give a present and tell folks just what they got to do with it. That ain't no way to give; but this is different. Run along now, and do your shopping. If you don't, I'll do it for you, and there's a 'knowin' what outrageous flimsies I might buy."

Hence the smart little gown that had caught Mary Maxwell's approving eye, and which also caught Nick's when Gay appeared at the bank that afternoon.

"Where'd you get it?" he questioned through his little window, for once unmindful of the fact that Sonny was begging for admittance. "You look a peach. I bet you've overdone our account—and I don't care a darn if you have. If there weren't so many people round here I'd—"

"No love making allowed in banking hours," came from the next cage, as Johnny Symmes caught the drift of Nick's remarks. "How do you manage to get him going like that after all these years, Gay?"

Gay laughed. "The recipe's simple. Get a new gown and spring it on your man unexpectedly. You tell that to Flora." "Nothin' doin'," said Johnny, smiling broadly. "Flora doesn't need any urging to buy new gowns. Run along, Gay. We need the services of our paying teller, and he's still spellbound. Not that I blame him. You look a regular corker this afternoon."

(To Be Continued.)

### New Industries For Manitoba

Recent new industries established in Manitoba include: rubber mats, upholstered furniture, battery chargers, leather garments and caps, oil refining, printing and publishing, and men's felt hats.

## Aching CORNS STOP HURTING INSTANT RELIEF!



Just a drop or two of Putnam's Corn Extractor, and the pain goes away. Relief is almost instantaneous. Removing corns with "Putnam's" is so easy, so sure, so painless—thousands use this wonderful remedy, and say it is the best. Don't suffer any longer, use Putnam's Corn Extractor, the one sure relief for sore corns. Sold at every drug store, 35c.

PUTNAM'S

Here's another  
attractive

## MAGIC



## MENU

Look for this mark on every tin. It is a guarantee that Magic does not contain alum or any harmful ingredient.

Most women find it difficult to think up new ideas for attractive menus... This one, suggested by Miss Katherine M. Caldwell, cookery authority of Canadian Home Journal, Toronto, is there for sure to please.

**LUNCHEON MENU**  
Cheese and Vegetable Soufflé with Cream Sauce  
Buttered Whole Wheat Toast  
Sweet Pickles  
Hot Raspberry Biscuits  
Chase & Sanborn's Tea

For afternoon tea there is nothing nicer than these same Raspberry Biscuits, shaped daintily with a tiny cutter—piled, buttered and served piping hot, with a cup of perfect tea! Miss Caldwell says: "Magic Baking Powder is easy to use because its uniform, high quality never varies. I use and recommend Magic because my experience has proven that it always gives consistently better baking results."



### Try Miss Caldwell's Recipe for \*RASPBERRY BISCUITS

2 cups flour  
4 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
2 tablespoons sugar

4 tablespoons shortening  
1/2 cup milk  
1/2 cup cold water  
Raspberry juice or syrup

Mix and sift the dry ingredients. Cut the hard, cold shortening into them with a knife, using a quick, short, chopping motion or reduce the hard cold fat to tiny particles with a pastry blender or a steel-pronged fork. When the mixture resembles a very coarse meal, add the liquid, mixing quickly and lightly. Turn out the dough on a slightly floured board; pat it down lightly or roll it to a thickness of about one inch. Shape with a small cutter or cut in squares with a floured knife. Dip the small lumps of sugar into syrup from canned or fresh raspberries... Press a lump into each biscuit... forcing it well down into the dough so that it will not run down the sides when melted.

Place the biscuits on a greased pan or baking sheet and bake in a very hot oven, 450° F., 12 to 15 minutes.

Buy Made in Canada Goods

**MAGIC**  
Baking Powder  
ensures better baking results.

### To Discuss New Calendar

League Of Nations Will Debate Question This Year

A serious effort is to be made by the League of Nations at Geneva this year, to reform the calendar and bring about thirteen months of twenty-eight days each. Our present calendar has been working since 46 B.C., and there are many advocates who declare it has outlived its usefulness for modern needs. There will be a preliminary conference at Geneva and then a general one to discuss the issue after which the governments of the world will be appealed to. Indeed, it is a most revolutionary change contemplated after 1,977 years' use of the present calendar.

Perfume Balm—the peerless aid to loveliness. Delightfully fragrant. Dainty to use. Leaves no stickiness. A little gentle rubbing and it is quickly absorbed by the tissues. Tonic in effect. Soothes and dispels roughness and chafing. Keeps skins soft and velvet-textured. Unsurpassed for charm, distinction and refinement. Used by lovely women everywhere to preserve and enhance their natural beauty.

### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### COFFEE FRUIT CAKE

1/2 cup shortening.  
1 cup light brown sugar.  
2 eggs.  
1/4 cup coffee.  
1/4 cup milk.  
1 1/2 cups flour.  
3 teaspoons baking powder.  
1/2 pound raisins.  
1/2 pound citron.  
1/4 pound figs cut in strips.  
Cream shortening, add sugar, egg yolks, coffee and milk. Sift together flour and baking powder and add slowly. Add fruit, which has been slightly floured, and fold in beaten whites of eggs. Bake in greased loaf pan from one hour to one hour and a quarter.

#### MOCHA FUDGE

1 1/2 cups granulated sugar.  
1/2 cup milk (preferably past cream).  
1 heaping tablespoon cocoa.  
4 tablespoons strong brewed coffee.  
Butter size of walnut.  
Pinch of salt.  
Scant teaspoon vanilla.

Melt cocoa, add milk and coffee and sugar, stir until sugar is thoroughly dissolved, place over heat and cook until it forms a soft ball in cold water. Remove from heat, add butter and salt, beat strongly until it cools. Then add vanilla and beat briskly until it starts to get solid, then pour into buttered pan or plate to get cold before cutting it in squares. English walnuts may be added if desired.

Talkies in German have been banned in Poland.

### Soviet Farm Movement

Development Of Farms To Be Intensified In Russia

Soviet Russia is going "back to the farm," according to figures just issued by the government. During the last ten days in January and the first ten in February, a total of 726,000 families joined the collective farms, the figures show. This migration is the greatest in history. Development of these farms has always been the backbone of the Soviet movement.

Most of the families who have applied to join the movement came from the Ukrainian Republic, the North Caucasus, the upper and lower Volga and the German republic. They were expected to move to the farms gradually during the spring in time to get next season's crops planted.

#### The Well-Dressed Italian

Tights and cylinders are required this season at all big Italian social or governmental functions in the daytime. Invitations, beautifully engraved, are going around with the words: "Tights with cylinders are obligatory" in the lower left corner. "Tights" referred to the close fit of the English morning coat. And the cylinder is a top hat.

### Little Helps For This Week

"They helped every one his neighbor; and every one said to his brother, 'Be of good courage.'" — Isaiah xlii. 6.

When no low thoughts of self intrude, Angels adjust our rights; And love that seeks its selfish good Dies in its own delights. How much we take, how little give— Yet every life is meant To help all lives; each man should live For all men's betterment.

—Alice Carey.  
Every human being whom we approach should be the better for us.—William Ellery Channing.

Each of us is bound to make the small circle in which he lives better and happier; each of us is bound to see that out of that small circle the widest good may flow.

—Arthur Penrhyn Stanley.

#### Better Than King Canute

The brigadier was in a poetic frenzy as he strolled along the seashore. "Roll on, thou deep and dark blue ocean, roll," he recited to his bride.

"Oh, Gerald," she exclaimed "how wonderful you are. It's doing it."



## SAFE For HEADACHES



Prompt relief from

COLDS. . . . .  
SORE THROAT. . . . .  
RHEUMATISM. . . . .  
LUMBAGO. . . . .  
NEURITIS. . . . .  
ACHES and PAINS

Does not harm the heart

## ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG.

Accept only "Aspirin" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Aspirin" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—All druggists. (Made in Canada)

## The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada. The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per cent line. Legal advertising, 15c per cent line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

## Heard Around Town

Mr. Palmer, Heath's representative, will be at Hurley's March 26th (Thursday) with Ladies' Coats, Suits and Dresses.

Be sure and hear the good programme that is being given at the big Irish concert tomorrow night at the school. You'll enjoy it.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lenzgraf, who spent the winter months visiting with their sons and daughters in different parts of the United States, returned to their home Monday morning.

On Friday evening Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Hurley entertained the younger set to eight tables of bridge. The winners of the first prizes were Miss Emes and Ed. Pfeiffer; consolations Mrs. Shand and C. Peterson.

The Ladies' Card Club met this week at the home of Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Lawrence and Mrs. Murray claiming honors. Last week's meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Jacques. Honors went to Mrs. Massey and Mrs. Vanhook. Next week Mrs. Dawson will be the hostess.

Mesdames W. A. Hurley and S. H. Smith being joint hostesses entertained the card club members and their husbands to eight tables of bridge Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Hurley. The winners of the first prizes were Mrs. R. D. Vanhook and E. E. Jacques; consolations Mrs. Connell and W. Lawrence.

Mesdames J. Massey and W. H. Butts being joint hostesses, entertained a number of the town ladies and gentlemen to a bridge party at the home of Mrs. Massey on Thursday, March 5th. Mrs. R. D. Vanhook and W. A. Hurley were the winners of the first prizes and Mrs. E. E. Jacques and W. S. Lee won the consolations.

## Rearville News

Bob Clarkson has returned home after spending a week with his brother Murray.

Tony Bussieres has been assisting Mrs. Bunney in getting her two daughters to town on Saturdays for their music lessons, while Mr. Bunney is on the relief work at the Buffalo bridge. Tony says the pleasure is all his.

Bill Holder and Roy Bunney spent Sunday with Fred Hodson.

Mr. and Mrs. Sultor, Mr. and Mrs. Crawshaw and Isabel spent Sunday afternoon at the home of A. Hodge.

Miss Irene Marcy spent the week end at the Robinson home.

Mr. Sultor made a flying trip to town and returned greatly disappointed. He says that the oats were wild.

Miss Duff and Carl Hodge were Sunday evening callers at the Sultor home.

Mr. Wilton, Josephine, Phyllis and Stanley visited at H. E. Robinsons on Sunday.

We note that, with the advent of spring so near at hand, fresh air taxis are coming into vogue.

Mr. and Mrs. Osterberg and son Ray were visitors at the home of Robt. Holder on Sunday.

Wm. Holder wishes to return thanks to Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Sultor for their hospitality during his recent visit there this winter.

S. A. Wilton, of the Rearville district has been surprised with another pair of twin calves. This is the second pair of twin calves born in three months on the Wilton farm.

They say that man swears far too oft.

And yet 'twas Mother Eve Who started this profanity. Which causes wifely peave.

"What shall we eat," said Adam once,

"Banana, date, or yam?"

Eve stretched, smiled happily, and said

"I do not care, A dam."

Work has started on the building of the British Columbia link of the Trans-Canada Telephone Line. A direct system through the Crow's Nest Pass in Alberta will be provided to replace the present system of routing telephone calls to and from British Columbia across the United States via Seattle. The proposed system will cost \$1,250,000 and will involve some 655 miles of telephone lines, 125 miles of which have already been built.

Marriage at sea has happened before and will likely happen again, but the distinction of being baptized at sea is claimed to be unique and this occurred when two infant children were baptized in mid-Atlantic by Dr. Oliver C. Rankin, Scottish minister aboard Canadian Pacific liner Minnedosa, recently. The mothers and children were coming out to Canada from Great Britain and the minister is giving a course of lectures at McGill University.

## Mun. Dist. of Collholme

A meeting of the council of the M. D. of Collholme No. 243 was held in Collholme school on Saturday, March 14th, 1931, at 1 p.m. All members present.

The meeting was called to order by Returning Officer H. G. Strong and nominations for the office of Reeve for the ensuing year were called for. H. Dunster and S. W. Warren were nominated and on a vote being taken S. W. Warren was declared elected.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read, and on motion of R. Stewart were adopted.

The following communications were read and disposed of: District engineer re scale of wages; A. Spreeman re fence on sec. 21-27-8-w4th; Alta. Liquor Control Board re C. D. Kelly; G. P. Hughes re building on sec. 30-28-9-w4th; Old Age Pension Board re M. A. McTavish; A. J. Paetz re W3 18-26-9-w4th; Dept. Municipal Affairs re relief; re appointment of secretary-treasurer; re commissions paid to secretaries; Geo. Nicholson re S.W. 12-26-8-w4th; Ed. Lovegren re seed grain indebtedness; Hail Insurance Board re annual meeting; R. J. Marr re N.W. 22-28-8-w4th.

Dunster-That J. M. Turnbull be Deputy Reeve for the first six months of the year.

Ferguson-That the council as a whole constitute the finance committee, with R. Stewart as chairman.

Stewart-That H. Dunster be representative on the Chinook Union Cemetery Committee.

Stewart-That Messrs Ferguson, Gordian and Turnbull, be the by-laws committee.

Ferguson-That S. W. Warren be representative to the Clemons Rural Credit Society.

Dunster-That J. M. Turnbull be delegate to the annual meeting of the Hail Insurance Board.

Ferguson-That H. Dunster be a committee of one to dispose of loose wire on sec. 21-27-8-w4th.

Turnbull-That S. M. Squire for 1000 bushels of wheat on crop share plan, Mr. Squire to deliver one third share of the crop, clear, each year until such time as the 1000 bushels shall have been delivered. No interest to be charged, and Mr. Squire to assume responsibility of taxes from Jan. 1st, 1931, and to summerfallow at least 50 acres each year.

Dunster-That the Alberta Liquor Control Board be requested to curtail the privileges of C. D. Kelly under the Alberta Liquor Control Act.

Ferguson-That R. Gordian be a committee of one to dispose of building on sec. 30-28-9-w4th.

Dunster-That J. M. Turnbull be a committee of one to arrange sale of the W3 18-26-8-w4th in connection with offer made by A. J. Paetz.

Turnbull-That title be obtained to the S.E. of 12-26-8-w4th, and that J. L. Ferguson be a committee to interview original owner and prospective purchaser with a view to either obtaining payment of arrears of taxes or arranging for the disposal of the land.

Turnbull-That horses formerly belonging to Ed. Lovegren and now the property of the municipality, be offered for sale and that the secretary be instructed to advertise that offers for purchase of same will be received by him up to Saturday, April 4th, 1931.

Dunster-That the secretary obtain an opinion from the Dept. of Municipal Affairs re claim made by J. L. Massey for refund of monies received from the Dept. of the Interior for improvements on S.W. of 3-28-8-w4th.

Dunster-That in regard to the request that the municipality be formed into a Pure Bred Sire Area; that the council only take action when petitions requesting same, signed by two-thirds of the ratepayers are presented; and that the various U. F. A. Locals within the municipality be asked to discuss the pros and cons of the forming of such areas and that they be requested to circulate the petitions in this connection, and that the council co-operate with any U. F. A. committee appointed.

Stewart-That the N. W. of 22-28-8-w4th be leased to R. J. Marr for the year 1931 for grazing purposes for a rental of an amount equal to the current year's taxes.

Dunster-That the secretary be instructed to insert a notice in the local newspaper warning the public that should there be further thefts of municipal property the matter will be handed to the proper authorities for thorough investigation and prosecution.

Turnbull-That as soon as definite information is received concerning the granting of Seed and Feed Relief to residents, from the government, that the secretary be instructed to call a special meeting of the council to consider such proposal and to deal with any possible applications for same.

Dunster-That the Provincial Government be petitioned to continue relief road work on the provincial highways as soon as land conditions warrants it this spring.

Dunster-Stewart-That the reeve and secretary be authorized to transact all banking business and that the secretary-treasurer be authorized to endorse all cheques, for deposit only, to the credit of the municipality.

Ferguson-That arrears of Wild Land Tax against the N. E. 34-26-8-w4th be cancelled.

Dunster-That gopher poison be distributed free to residents at the rate of one half oz. per quarter section of land owned or leased by such residents.

Dunster-That the secretary-treasurer's salary be set at \$1800 per annum.

Turnbull-That the scale of wages for road work be set at 40c per hour per man and 10c per hour per horse.

Turnbull-Dunster-That the rate per diem for councillors, including the reeve, for attending council meetings be set at \$4.00.

Gordian-That the council meet on the first Saturday in each month at 1 p.m.

Dunster-That Messrs Turnbull, Gordian and Warren be a committee to require into the cost of getting a municipally owned office in Chinook.

Gordian-That the Seed Grain and Relief liens against the following lands be cancelled:

E3 17-26-7 W3 10-26-8  
S. 20-26-7 S. E. 16-26-8  
N. E. 35 26-7 W. 4-26-8  
N. W. 10-27-7 Sec. 22-27-8  
N. E. 22 S. E. 27-27 N. E. 35-27-8  
N. E. and S. E. 37-27 N. 7-28-8  
W. 4 28-7 NW 4 SW 9 28-8  
E. 24 28-7 N. 17 20-9  
S. 24 26-9 All W4th

A number of bills were passed for payment. L. S. Dawson, Sec.

John Cooley, who has been in Calgary for the past week on business, returned home the first of the week.

## New Canadian

### Makes Long Journey

Karl Johan Solberg, aged 7, set out recently from Norway, like his famous countryman, Leif Ericson, to find a new land and incidentally to find his father, whom he had not seen for almost two years.

The well dressed, bright little lad arrived in Winnipeg by the Canadian National "Continental Limited" and journeyed from there to Prince Albert, where he was met by his father.

Nils Solberg, parent of the boy, left his wife and son in their home in Leknes, Osterfjorden, Norway, in June, 1929, and settled on a homestead in Parkside, Sask. He found it difficult to make a living, handicapped as he was by a lack of capital, so he obtained work with a neighboring farmer. Now that he is ready for his family his wife is dead. The boy Karl has been living with friends, but now he will seek a new world at the side of his father in Parkside.

Young Mr. Solberg sailed from Bergen to New York on the Norwegian-American liner "Stavangerfjord," and on arrival was placed in the care of the Canadian National Railways. On the journey to Prince Albert Karl was accompanied by Peter Myrvold, local manager of the Norwegian-American line.

### For Sale

Four head of horses. Offers for purchase of same will be received by the undersigned up to and including Saturday, April 4th, 1931. Horses may be seen at Mr. D. D. Cameron's farm, east half 34-27-8 W4th. Terms cash.  
L. S. Dawson, Secy.,  
M.D. of Collholme No. 243.

### M.D. Collholme No. 243

Notice is hereby given that any one found stealing Municipal property will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

By order of  
The Council

### Tenders

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the old buildings situated on the North East 1 of Sec. 3-30-7-4 up to March 31st, 1931.

J. E. McLeod, Sec. Treas.,  
M.D. of Sounding Creek  
No. 273, Youngstown, Alberta.

### Church Announcements

CHINOOK UNITED  
Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.  
Sunday, March 22, service at 7:30 p.m. God and the Worldly Man.  
Come and enjoy the services with us.  
Pastor, J. D. Woolliatt, B.A.

Bible study will be held at the A. V. Brodine home on Friday evening, Mar. 20, at 8 o'clock.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC  
Service Secours Sunday Every Month.  
Mass at 9 a.m.

## Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

FOR SALE—22 run single disc McCormick drill, in good repair. Apply Vincent Daley, Little Gem.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS  
ASK ANY TRAVEL AGENT  
Steamship and Rail Tickets  
FROM THE  
**LOCAL AGENT**  
CANADIAN NATIONAL  
RAILWAY SYSTEM  
Rail and Steamship Lines  
To All Ports of the World



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.  
R.A. Morrison, W.M. R. W. Wright, Sec.

## Shoe Repairing

Half Soling \$1.25  
Soling and Heeling 2.00

First Class Work Guaranteed

W. H. Crapper  
YOUNGSTOWN.

## King Restaurant

CHINOOK

MEALS AT ALL HOURS

PRIVATE BOOTHS

Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, Candies and Ice Cream

## Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices

Shoppe Closed Every Monday

Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.

Phone 5, CHINOOK

## Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable

M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

## J. W. Bredin

Licensed Auctioneer

For Dates Phone 4 or Write Box 49

CEREAL

## Chinook Cafe

Meals and Lunches Served at Any Time. Ice Cream and Candies

MAH BROS., Proprietors

## WALTER M. CROCKETT, LL.B.

BARATTER SOLICITOR NOTARY PUBLIC

YOUNGSTOWN, ALBERTA

## CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern \$ .36

2 Northern \$ .33

3 Northern \$ .29

No. 4 \$ .25

No. 5 \$ .23

No. 6 \$ .23

Feed \$ .23

OATS

2 C. W. \$ .15

3 C. W. \$ .12

Feed \$ .10

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter \$ .25

Eggs \$ .11

SERVED

AT GOOD

HOTELS

AND

CLUBS.

DRUMHELLER

WAREHOUSE

PHONE

648

## Products of the Brewing Industry of Alberta

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